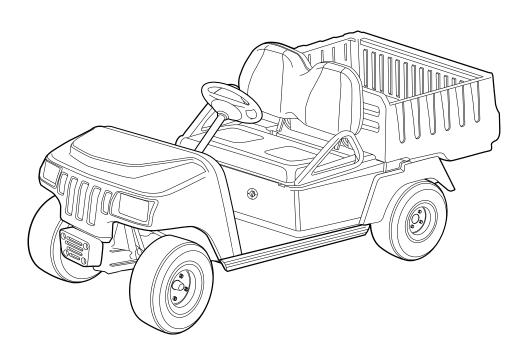


Carryall 242 and XRT 800 Owner's Manual

Electric and Gasoline

[Refer to back cover for applicable build code range]





NOTICE

This manual is valid for vehicles manufactured in the build code range provided on the back cover of this manual. If the vehicle build code is different from that shown on the back cover of this manual, please contact your nearest dealer or go to www.clubcar.com to retrieve the proper owner's manual for the vehicle. See also Model Identification in this manual.

Warranty information appears at the end of this manual. No other warranties, express or implied, are contained herein. Your authorized representative checked the vehicle before it was delivered to you and will provide you a copy of the completed vehicle warranty registration form.

Club Car is not liable for errors in this manual or for incidental or consequential damages that result from the use of the material in this manual.

This manual contains proprietary information that is protected by copyright. All rights are reserved. No part of this manual may be photocopied, reproduced, or translated to another language without the written consent of Club Car, LLC.

The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.

Club Car reserves the right to make design changes to vehicles without obligation to make these changes on units previously sold.

These vehicles do not conform to US Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards for automobiles or to FMVSS 500 for low-speed vehicles, and are not equipped for operation on public streets, roads, or highways.

If in English, this manual is the Original Instructions provided by the manufacturer. If in any language other than English, this manual is a translation of the Original Instructions.



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FOREWORD

Thank you for choosing Club Car, an Ingersoll Rand business and the name most widely recognized as the industry leader in vehicle efficiency and long-lasting value. You have chosen the finest utility vehicle on the market. Please protect your investment and ensure that your Club Car provides years of reliable, superior performance by reading and following the maintenance instructions in this manual.

Your comfort and safety are important to us, so we urge you to read and follow the step-by-step operating instructions and safety precautions in this manual. These instructions must be followed in order to avoid the risk of severe personal injury. If you rent or loan your vehicle to others, we recommend that you ask them to read this manual before they operate the vehicle.

Club Car products are backed by a customer support system designed to offer you fast, courteous service. In the event your Club Car vehicle needs repairs or service, please contact your local authorized Club Car dealer or distributor; he will be able to provide technical advice, perform warranty work, and sell parts and service manuals.

For the name and address of the authorized Club Car dealer or distributor nearest you, logon to our web site at www.clubcar.com or call 1-706-863-3000. If you would prefer to write to us, direct your letter to: Club Car, Attention: Marketing Services, P.O. Box 204658, Augusta, Georgia 30917-4658 USA.

We hope you will consider this owner's manual a permanent part of your Club Car vehicle. If you sell the vehicle, please include the manual so that the next owner will have the important operating, safety, and maintenance information it contains.

Below is a quick reference table of items that will help you maintain this vehicle. These parts can be purchased from your authorized Club Car dealer.

REGULAR MAINTENANCE ITEMS	PERIODIC MAINTENANCE ITEMS	
Engine Oil Filter	Spark Plug O.H.V.	
CC P/N 103887901	CC P/N 101881101 or AM1232301	
Engine Air Filter	Spring Tune-Up Kit	
CC P/N 1015426	CC P/N 101611003	
Engine Fuel Filter		
CC P/N 102003201		
Battery Terminal Protector Spray		
CC P/N 1014305		
Dry Moly Lube		
CC P/N 1012151		

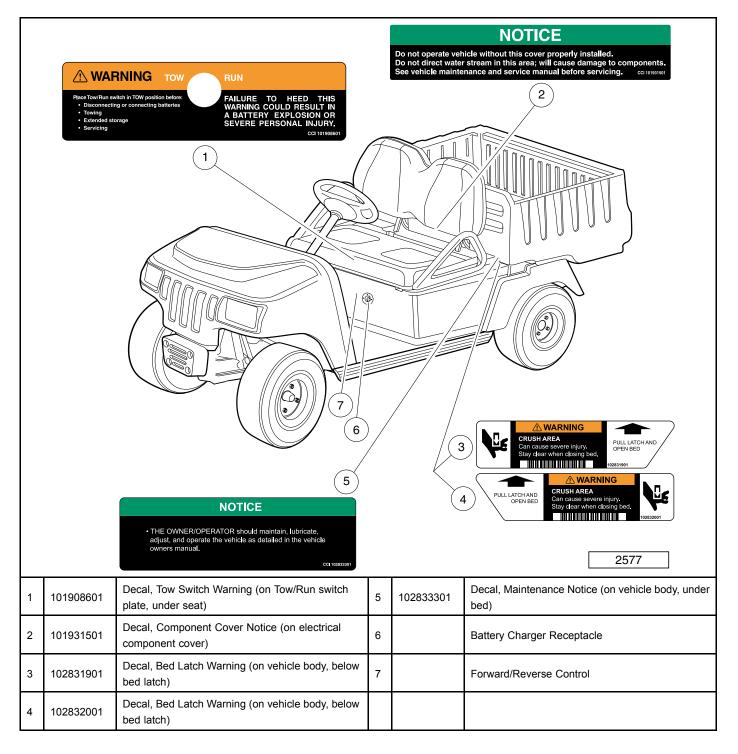
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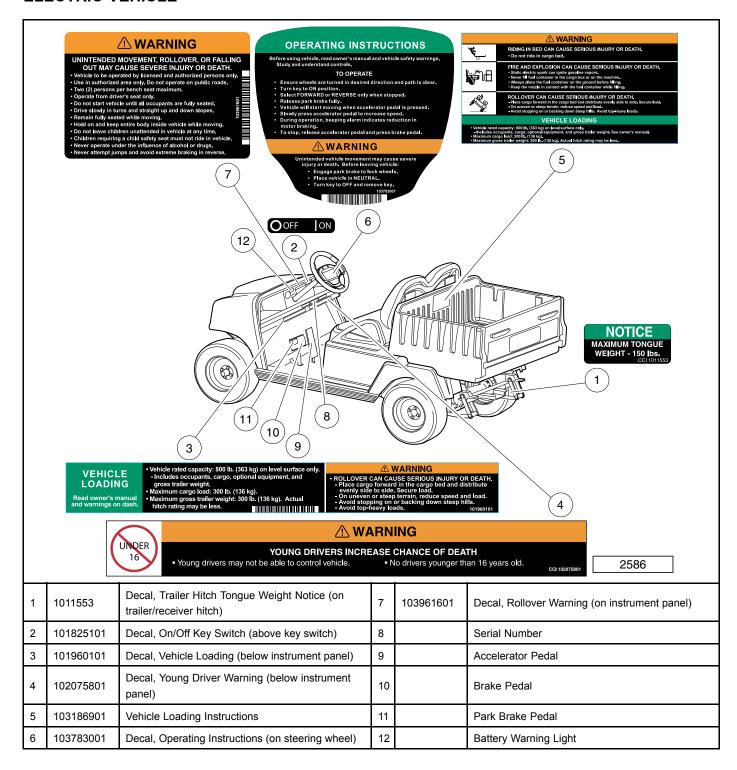
SAFETY DECAL AND FEATURE IDENTIFICATION

The following pages contain safety decal and feature identification information. For detailed information on specific features, read the appropriate section in this manual.

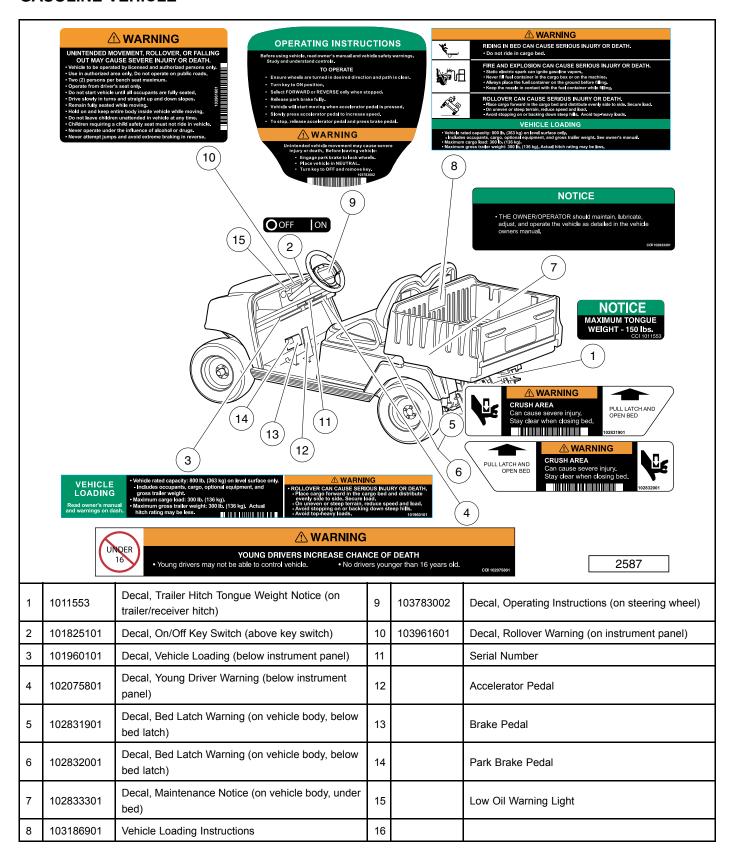
ELECTRIC VEHICLE



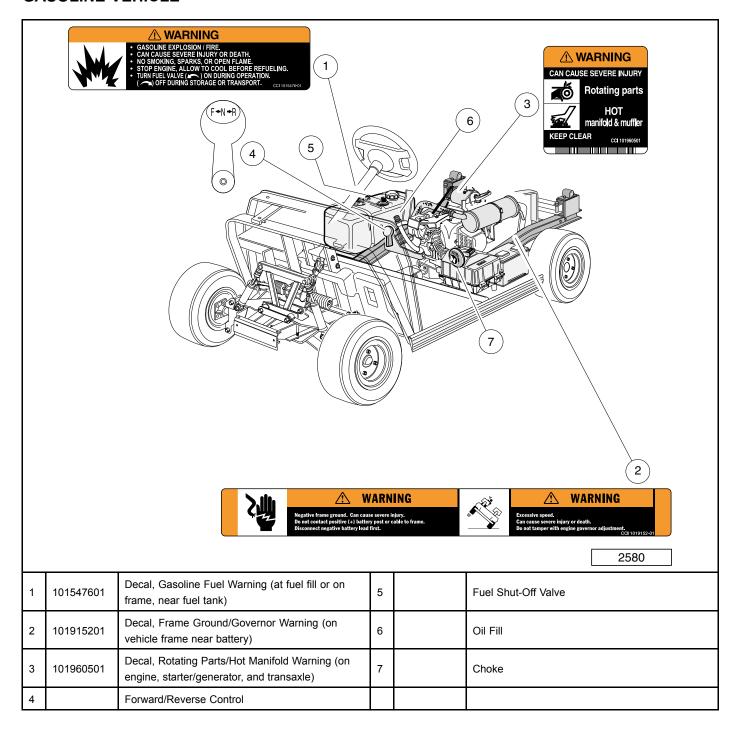
ELECTRIC VEHICLE



GASOLINE VEHICLE



GASOLINE VEHICLE



PRACTICE SAFETY

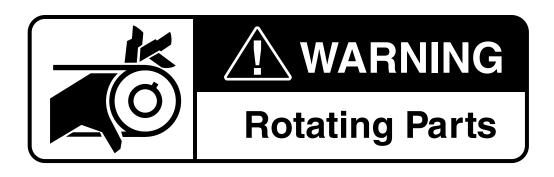


Figure 1 Practice Safety

Safety signs like you see above may at first seem shocking, but their impact is mild compared with the reality of severe personal injury.

Your safety and satisfaction are of the utmost importance to us. That is why before operating the vehicle, we urge you to review the information in this manual. Understand and become familiar with the DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION statements and procedures it contains, along with the safety decals that are affixed to your vehicle.

Take time to understand the language of safety. It is a language that can save your life.

PROPOSITION 65 - STATE OF CALIFORNIA

WARNING

• This product contains or emits chemicals or substances that have been determined by the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

SAFETY DETAILS

WARNING

• This owner's manual should be read completely before attempting to drive or service the vehicle. Failure to follow the instructions in this manual could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

It is important to note that some vital statements throughout this manual and on the decals affixed to the vehicle are preceded by the words DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION. For your protection, we recommend that you take special notice of these safety precautions. Safety precautions are essential and must be followed.

If any of the operation or warning decals on the vehicle become damaged, have been removed or cannot be easily read, they should be replaced immediately to avoid possible property damage, personal injury, or death. Contact your dealer.

A DANGER

A DANGER indicates an immediate hazard that will result in severe personal injury or death.

WARNING

A WARNING indicates an immediate hazard that could result in severe personal injury or death.

A CAUTION

 A CAUTION with the safety alert symbol indicates a hazard or unsafe practice that could result in minor personal injury.

CAUTION

• A CAUTION without the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation that could result in property damage.

GENERAL WARNINGS

The following safety statements must be heeded whenever the vehicle is being operated, repaired, or serviced. **See Safety Decal and Feature Identification on page 4.** Other specific safety statements appear throughout this manual and on the vehicle.

A DANGER

- Battery Explosive gases! Do not smoke. Keep sparks and flames away from the vehicle and service area. Ventilate when charging or operating vehicle in an enclosed area. Wear a full face shield and rubber gloves when working on or near batteries.
- Gasoline Flammable! Explosive! Do not smoke. Keep sparks and flames away from the vehicle and service area. Service only in a well-ventilated area.
- Do not operate engine in an enclosed area without proper ventilation. The engine produces carbon monoxide, which is an odorless, deadly poison.
- The vehicle will not provide protection from lightning, flying objects, or other storm-related hazards. If caught in a storm while driving a Club Car vehicle, exit the vehicle and seek shelter in accordance with applicable safety guidelines for your location.

WARNING

- Follow the procedures exactly as stated in this manual, and heed all DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION statements in this manual as well as those on the vehicle and battery charger.
- · Do not leave children unattended on vehicle.
- Prior to leaving the vehicle unattended or servicing the vehicle, set the park brake, place the Forward/Reverse handle or switch in the NEUTRAL position, turn the key switch to the OFF position, and remove the key. Chock the wheels when servicing the vehicle.
- Improper use of the vehicle or failure to properly maintain it could result in decreased vehicle performance, severe personal injury, or death.
- Any modification or change to the vehicle that affects the electrical system, stability or handling
 of the vehicle, or increases maximum vehicle speed beyond factory specifications, could result in
 severe personal injury or death.
- Check the vehicle for proper location of all vehicle safety and operation decals and make sure they are in place and are easy to read.
- For vehicles with cargo beds, remove all cargo before raising the bed or servicing the vehicle. If the
 vehicle is equipped with a prop rod, ensure that it is securely engaged while bed is raised. Do not
 close bed until all persons are clear of cargo bed area. Keep hands clear of all crush areas. Do not
 drop cargo bed; lower gently and keep entire body clear. Failure to heed this warning could result in
 severe personal injury or death.
- Only trained technicians should service or repair the vehicle or battery charger. Anyone doing even simple repairs or service should have knowledge and experience in electrical and mechanical repair. The appropriate instructions must be used when performing maintenance, service, or accessory installation.
- Wear safety glasses or approved eye protection when servicing the vehicle or battery charger. Wear a
 full face shield and rubber gloves when working on or near batteries.
- Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry such as rings, watches, chains, etc., when servicing the vehicle or battery charger.
- This vehicle is not intended to be used where risk of falling objects exists. If your vehicle will be used in such an environment, contact your local dealer.

Gasoline vehicles:

- To avoid unintentionally starting a gasoline vehicle, disconnect the battery and spark plug wire. See Disconnecting the Battery Gasoline Vehicles on page 11.
- Frame ground Do not allow tools or other metal objects to contact frame when disconnecting battery cables or other electrical wiring. Do not allow a positive wire to touch the vehicle frame, engine, or any other metal component.
- Do not operate the vehicle without an installed front bumper or brush guard that is specifically designed and approved for use on this vehicle. Instability in the vehicle could cause serious injury or death (Figure 6 and Figure 7).

Electric vehicles:

- Ensure battery connections are clean and properly tightened. See Battery Care on page 41.
- Place Tow/Run switch in the TOW position before disconnecting or connecting the batteries. Failure to heed this warning could result in a battery explosion or severe personal injury.
- To avoid unintentionally starting an electric vehicle, disconnect the batteries and discharge the controller. See Disconnecting the Batteries – Electric Vehicles on page 12.
- Use insulated tools when working near batteries or electrical connections. Use extreme caution to avoid shorting of components or wiring.

DISABLING THE VEHICLE

- 1. Set the park brake.
- 2. Turn the key switch OFF and remove the key.
- 3. Place the Forward/Reverse control in the NEUTRAL position.
- 4. In addition, chock the wheels if servicing or repairing the vehicle.

DISCONNECTING THE BATTERY – GASOLINE VEHICLES

- 1. Disable the vehicle. See Disabling the Vehicle on page 11.
- 2. Disconnect the battery cables, negative (–) cable first, as shown (Figure 2).
- 3. Disconnect the spark plug wire(s) from the spark plug(s).

CONNECTING THE BATTERY - GASOLINE VEHICLES

- 1. Connect the battery cables, positive (+) cable first.
- 2. Tighten battery terminals to 80 in-lb (9 N·m).
- 3. Coat terminals with Battery Terminal Protector Spray (CC P/N 1014305) to minimize corrosion.
- 4. Connect the spark plug wire(s) to the spark plug(s).

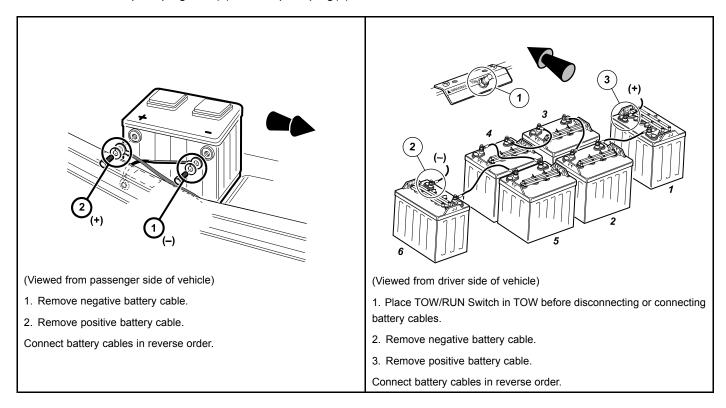


Figure 2 Battery Cable Removal - Gasoline

Figure 3 Battery Cable Removal– 6x8-Volt Battery
Configuration

DISCONNECTING THE BATTERIES – ELECTRIC VEHICLES

- 1. Disable the vehicle. See Disabling the Vehicle on page 11.
- 2. Place Tow/Run switch in the TOW position before disconnecting or connecting the batteries. Failure to heed this warning could result in a battery explosion or severe personal injury.
- 3. Disconnect the batteries, negative (-) cable first, as shown (Figure 3).
- 4. After disconnecting the batteries, wait 90 seconds for the controller capacitors to discharge.

CONNECTING THE BATTERIES – ELECTRIC VEHICLES

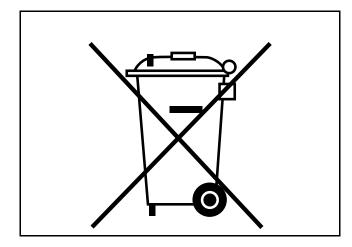
- 1. Ensure the Tow/Run switch is in the TOW position.
- 2. Connect the battery cables, positive (+) cable first.
- 3. Tighten battery terminals to 110 in-lb (12.4 N·m).
- 4. Coat terminals with Battery Terminal Protector Spray (CC P/N 1014305) to minimize corrosion.

RECYCLING LEAD-ACID BATTERIES

A WARNING

• Lead-acid batteries contain lead (Pb), other metals, acids and other compounds. If improperly handled, they can contaminate both water and soil, causing environmental damage and personal injury.

Lead-acid batteries are identified by the symbol shown below and should be properly recycled (**Figure 4**). They cannot be disposed as municipal waste and must be collected separately. Responsibility for environmental protection must be shared, not only by the manufacturers of the batteries, but by people who use the batteries as well. Please contact your nearest Club Car dealer or distributor for information on how to properly recycle your batteries.



1403

Figure 4 Dispose of Lead-acid Batteries Properly

INTERNATIONAL SAFETY SYMBOLS ON BATTERIES

Anyone using, repairing, or servicing the vehicle must understand and heed the safety symbols on the vehicle battery or batteries.

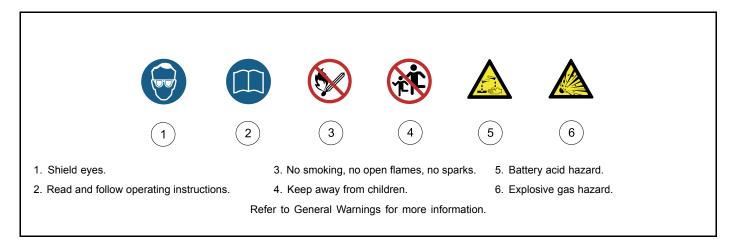


Figure 5 International Safety Symbols on Batteries

GENERAL INFORMATION

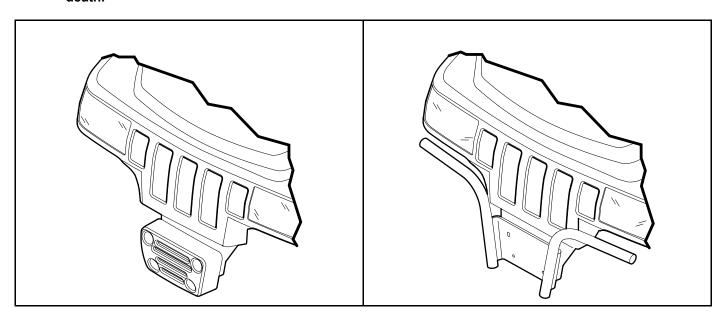
This manual features two models: the electric vehicle and the gasoline vehicle. Throughout this manual, important features unique to each model are highlighted. We urge the owner/operator to read and understand this manual, and to pay special attention to the features specific to his/her vehicle(s).

FRONT BUMPER AND BRUSH GUARD (GASOLINE VEHICLE ONLY)

The front bumper and brush guard are an important part of the vehicle's design for correct weight distribution. These parts are interchangeable, but one or the other must be installed at all times during vehicle operation to achieve proper balance (Figure 6 and Figure 7). See following WARNING.

▲ WARNING

Do not operate the vehicle without an installed front bumper or brush guard that is specifically
designed and approved for use on this vehicle. Instability in the vehicle could cause serious injury or
death.



37 Figure 6 Bumper 38 Figure 7 Brush Guard

MODEL IDENTIFICATION

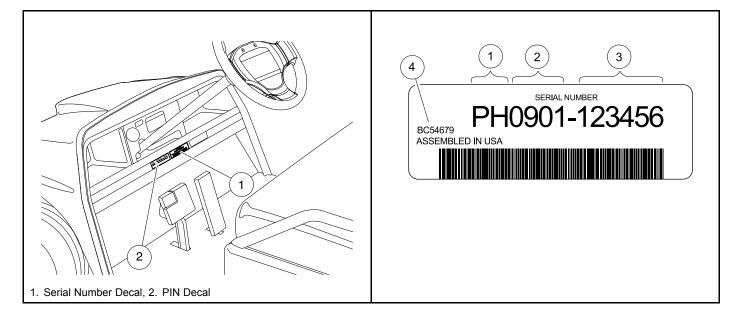
The serial number of each vehicle is printed on a bar code decal mounted either below the passenger side cup holder or above the accelerator or brake pedal (Example: PH0901-583947) (Figure 8).

The two letters (1) at the beginning of the serial number indicate the vehicle model **(Figure 9)**. The following four digits (2) indicate the model year and production week during which the vehicle was built. The six digits (3) following the hyphen represent the unique sequential number assigned to each vehicle built within a given model year. **See following NOTE.**

NOTE: Have the vehicle serial number available when ordering parts or making inquiries.

- A 17-digit Product Information Number (PIN) is included on this vehicle next to the serial number (Figure
- 8). This number may be used to register the vehicle where required.

Build Code: The build code (4) is a five-digit number that appears on the vehicle serial number decal **(Figure 9)**. The build code exists to enable the user to identify the correct owner's manual for a vehicle. This owner's manual is valid for the build code range indicated on the back cover of this owner's manual.



2576

Figure 8 Serial and PIN Number Location

1400

Figure 9 Serial Number Decal

CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

See General Warnings on page 9.

WARNING

- If renting or loaning the vehicle, make sure the driver is familiar with all controls and operating procedures before allowing the vehicle to be driven.
- Do not shift the Forward/Reverse handle or switch while the vehicle is moving. To avoid injury to an unsuspecting passenger or damage to the vehicle, always bring the vehicle to a full stop before shifting the Forward/Reverse handle or switch.
- Release the accelerator pedal and then press the brake pedal firmly until the vehicle stops. To
 avoid unintentionally starting or rolling the vehicle, set the park brake, place the Forward/Reverse
 handle or switch in the NEUTRAL position, turn the key switch to the OFF position, and remove the
 key when leaving the vehicle.
- Gasoline vehicles only: Do not tamper with the governor. Doing so will void the warranty, as well as
 damage the engine and other components, and could result in property damage, personal injury, or
 death due to unsafe speeds.

KEY SWITCH

The key switch is mounted on the dash to the right of the steering column. It has two positions, OFF and ON, which are clearly identified (Figure 10). See following NOTE.

NOTE: When the key is turned to the OFF position, the main vehicle systems are disabled. The key switch may be used as an emergency stop. The key can be removed only when the key switch is in the **OFF** position.

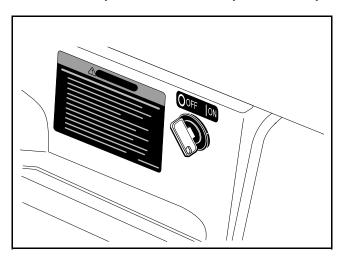


Figure 10 Key Switch

FORWARD/REVERSE CONTROL

Gasoline Vehicles

The Forward/Reverse handle is located on the seat support panel **(Figure 11)**. The handle has three distinct positions: **F** (FORWARD), **N** (NEUTRAL), and **R** (REVERSE). Rotate the handle towards the driver (FORWARD) to operate the

vehicle in the forward direction, or towards the passenger (REVERSE) to operate the vehicle in reverse. Club Car vehicles operate at reduced speed in REVERSE. **See preceding WARNING and CAUTION.**

Electric Vehicles

The Forward/Reverse rocker switch is located on the seat support panel (Figure 12). The F (FORWARD) and R (REVERSE) positions are clearly marked. Push down the FORWARD side of the switch to operate the vehicle in the forward direction, or push down the REVERSE side of the switch to operate the vehicle in reverse. When the rocker switch is positioned in the NEUTRAL position, with neither side down, the vehicle will not operate if the accelerator pedal is pressed. The reverse buzzer will sound as a warning when the Forward/Reverse switch is in the REVERSE position. Club Car vehicles operate at reduced speed in REVERSE.

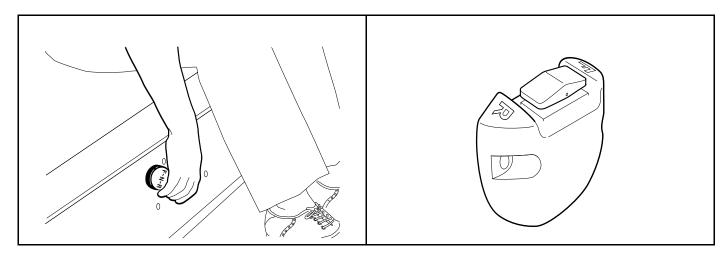


Figure 11 Forward/Reverse Handle - Gas Vehicle

Figure 12 Forward/Reverse Rocker Switch – Electric Vehicle

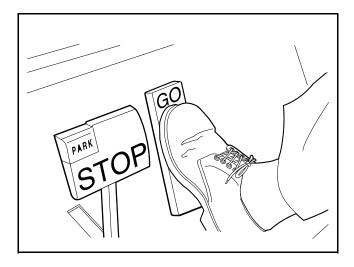


Figure 13 Accelerator and Brake Pedals

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ACCELERATOR PEDAL

The accelerator pedal is the pedal on the right, with the word GO molded into it (Figure 13). The operation of the accelerator pedal differs from that of an automobile. When the key switch is in the ON position, and the Forward/Reverse handle or switch is in either the FORWARD or REVERSE position, pressing the accelerator pedal will automatically release the park brake and start the vehicle moving in the direction selected (forward or reverse). As the accelerator pedal is pressed, speed will increase until full speed is reached. When the accelerator is released, power will be cut off and the motor or engine will stop running.

Electric Vehicles

IQ System vehicles use a special electrical system, which employs motor braking in some modes of operation. In those modes, the vehicle operates as follows:

• Walk-Away Braking: This prevents the vehicle from rolling away uncontrolled should the driver park on a slope and leave the vehicle without locking the park brake. The vehicle will roll at about 1 mph (1.6 km/h). If the walk-away braking function remains engaged for two seconds or more, a warning buzzer will sound to alert the driver that motor braking has been activated. See following WARNING.

▲ WARNING

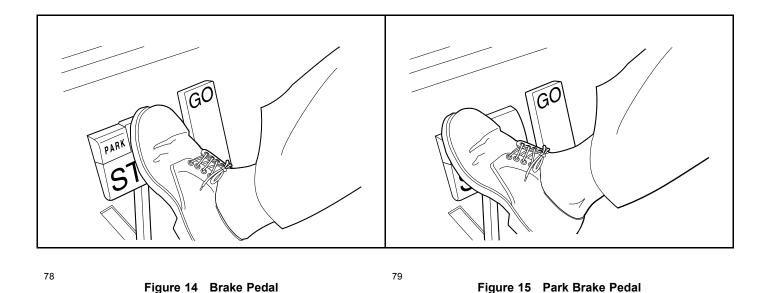
- Walk-away braking will not limit vehicle speed to 1.6 km/h (1 mph) on very steep grades. Do not operate vehicle on slopes exceeding 20% grades.
- Pedal Down Motor Braking: This feature helps to control vehicle downhill speed. Motor braking is activated when
 the vehicle reaches the programmed top speed and holds the vehicle at that speed. Motor braking is automatically
 disengaged when vehicle speed slows below the programmed top speed. See following WARNING.
- Pedal Up Motor Braking: When vehicle speed is above 11 mph (17.7 km/h), releasing the accelerator pedal will
 activate motor braking, which slows the vehicle speed. Once vehicle speed slows to below approximately 11
 mph (17.7 km/h), with the accelerator pedal still released, motor braking will be deactivated and the vehicle will
 coast freely. This feature is selectable. Contact your dealer/distributor to inquire about this selectable feature.
 See following WARNING.

A WARNING

• When batteries are fully charged, a warning buzzer will sound during motor braking to alert the driver that motor braking is operating at a reduced level of performance. When this occurs, use the brake pedal to control vehicle speed.

BRAKE PEDAL

The brake pedal is the large pedal on the left with the word STOP molded into it (Figure 13). To slow or stop the vehicle, press the brake pedal with your foot (Figure 14).



PARK BRAKE PEDAL

The park brake pedal is the small raised portion in the upper left corner of the brake pedal. It has the word PARK molded into it and the words PARK BRAKE marked on top of it (Figure 14). To set the park brake, press the brake pedal firmly and tilt the park brake portion of the pedal forward with your foot (Figure 15). See following WARNING.

A WARNING

The park brake will release automatically when either the accelerator or brake pedal is pressed. The
park brake has multiple locking positions and should be firmly pressed and locked to prevent the
vehicle from rolling.

BATTERY WARNING LIGHT

IQ System Electric Vehicles Only

IQ System vehicles feature a dash-mounted warning light (above steering column) that, when the vehicle is in operation, indicates low battery voltage or, when the vehicle is being charged, indicates a charging problem. The battery warning light is controlled by the onboard computer.

When the vehicle is in operation, the warning light will illuminate and remain illuminated if:

- Batteries' voltage drops below 48 volts when there is no load on the batteries (the vehicle is stopped and there are no accessories on).
- Batteries have discharged to less than 25% of rated capacity.

If the warning light illuminates when the vehicle is operating, there will be enough power remaining to drive the vehicle for approximately 30 minutes. However, the vehicle should be charged at the first opportunity. If the warning light illuminates and the vehicle is unable to operate for 30 minutes, have your Club Car distributor/dealer check the vehicle for a possible battery or electrical system problem.

When the batteries receive an incomplete charge because 1) the DC power cord is disconnected, 2) AC power to the charger is interrupted, 3) automatic charger shut-off occurs after 16 hours of operation, 4) the charger malfunctions, or 5) the wrong charger is used, the warning light will indicate as follows:

- The warning light will not illuminate if the charge is 90% or more complete. The onboard computer will retain in memory the amount of charge needed to fully replenish the batteries and will complete the charge during the next charge cycle.
- When the charger is unplugged, the warning light will illuminate and remain illuminated for 10 seconds if the charge is less than 90% complete but the vehicle has enough power for approximately 30 minutes of operation. This will alert the operator that the vehicle may be used, but that it must be charged to completion as soon as possible.
- The warning light will repeatedly illuminate for 10 seconds, with 4 second intervals if the charger times out at 16 hours and the batteries are not sufficiently charged. **See the battery charger owner's manual.** This indicates an abnormal charge cycle. The charger and batteries should be checked by your Club Car distributor/dealer.
- The warning light will repeatedly illuminate for 10 seconds, with 4 second intervals during a charge cycle (DC plug is still connected) if AC power to the charger is interrupted. The light will go out when AC power is restored.

NOTE: The battery warning light will flash quickly, after inserting the DC plug, if the charger relay/voltage suppressor has failed in the closed position.

LED Light: In addition to the warning light, there is an infrared LED in the dash light assembly, which transmits an infrared signal from the onboard computer (OBC). This signal is received by the optional Communication Display Module (CC P/N 101831801), which provides information on the condition of the vehicle and batteries.

TOW/RUN SWITCH Electric Vehicles Only

A WARNING

- Place Tow/Run switch in the TOW position before disconnecting or connecting the batteries. Failure to heed this warning could result in a battery explosion or severe personal injury.
- When the Tow/Run switch is in the TOW position, all motor braking functions, including walk-away braking, are disabled.

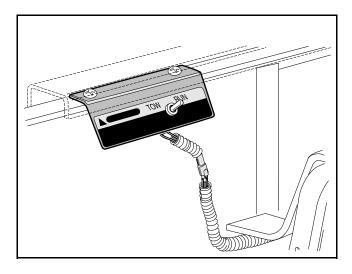
Electric vehicles are equipped with a Tow/Run switch, located under the seat just above the Forward/Reverse switch **(Figure 16)**. The switch must be in the RUN position in order to operate the vehicle. When the switch is in the TOW position, power to the vehicle electrical components is turned off and the vehicle will not operate. **See following NOTE.**

NOTE: After placing the Tow/Run switch in the TOW position, allow 10 seconds to elapse before switching back to the RUN position.

After placing the Tow/Run switch in the RUN position, allow 10 seconds to elapse before operating the vehicle.

The Tow/Run switch should be placed in the TOW position under the following conditions:

- **Before Towing the Vehicle:** Place the Tow/Run switch in the TOW position to disable all motor braking functions, thus preventing possible damage that could occur to the vehicle or electrical components if the vehicle is towed while the walk-away braking motor braking function is operating.
- Before Disconnecting or Connecting Battery Cables: Place the Tow/Run switch in the TOW position to turn off power to the vehicle electrical system, thus preventing severe arcing and possible battery explosion as the battery cables are disconnected.
- For Long Term Storage: Place the Tow/Run switch in the TOW position to turn off power to the vehicle electrical system, thus preventing vehicle electrical components from discharging the batteries.



7A

Figure 16 Tow/Run Switch

NEUTRAL LOCKOUT

Gasoline Vehicles

For the convenience of the trained technician, there is a neutral lockout cam (yellow knob) located on the back of the Forward/Reverse shifter, inside the engine compartment. If the neutral lockout cam is pulled out approximately 3/8 inch (10 mm) and then rotated one-half turn until it snaps into place, the cam will be in the MAINTENANCE position (Figure 17).

• When the cam is in the MAINTENANCE position, it will allow the mechanic to run the engine in neutral for certain maintenance procedures. With the cam in this position, the vehicle will not operate if the Forward/Reverse handle is placed in either the FORWARD or REVERSE position.

To put the cam back into the OPERATE position, pull the cam out approximately 3/8 inch (10 mm) and rotate it one-half turn until it snaps into place (Figure 18). See following WARNING and NOTE.

▲ WARNING

• With the cam in the MAINTENANCE position and the engine running, the vehicle may move suddenly if the Forward/Reverse handle is shifted or accidentally bumped. To prevent this, chock the front and rear wheels and firmly set the park brake before servicing or leaving the vehicle.

NOTE: Be sure to return the cam to the OPERATE position after servicing the vehicle, or it will not run with the Forward/Reverse handle in either the FORWARD or REVERSE position.

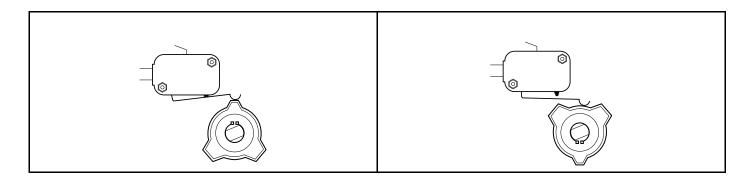


Figure 17 Neutral Lockout - Maintenance

Figure 18 Neutral Lockout - Operate

CHOKE

8

Gasoline Vehicles Only

The choke is located on the seat support panel below and to the left of the driver's left knee (**Figure 19**). If the vehicle is hard to start in cool or cold temperatures, simply push in the choke cover to activate it. Hold it during start up and release the choke cover after the engine starts and runs smoothly.

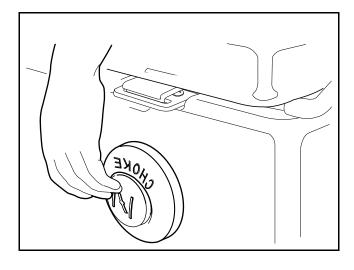


Figure 19 Choke

LOW OIL WARNING LIGHT

Gasoline Vehicles Only

The gasoline golf car is equipped with a low oil warning light, located on the dash panel to the right of the key switch. If the warning light comes on, oil should be checked and added to the engine as necessary before continuing to use the vehicle. The vehicle should never be driven with the low oil warning light remaining on. If the warning light goes on and off, you may proceed, but oil should be added at the first opportunity. If the oil level is correct and the warning light stays on, have a trained technician check the vehicle. **See following CAUTION.**

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CAUTION

 Failure to add oil immediately when the low oil warning light stays on may result in permanent engine damage.

HEADLIGHT CONTROL

The headlight control is located on the dash to the left of the key switch. Pull out to turn the lights on, push in to turn the lights off. The headlights operate on 12 volts DC from the battery. **See following NOTE.**

NOTE: Using the headlights for extended periods of time without the engine running will discharge the battery.

PRE-OPERATION AND DAILY SAFETY CHECKLIST

Each Club Car vehicle has been thoroughly inspected and adjusted at the factory; however, upon receiving your new vehicle(s), you should become familiar with its controls, indicators, and operation. Carefully inspect each vehicle to ensure that it is in proper working condition before accepting delivery.

Use the following checklist as a guide to inspect the vehicle. This checklist should be used daily to ensure that the vehicle is in proper working condition and in conjunction with the Performance Inspection on page 23 and the Periodic Service Schedules on page 35. Any problems should be corrected by a Club Car distributor/dealer or a trained technician.

- **General:** All the parts should be in place and properly installed. Be sure that all nuts, bolts, and screws are tight. On gasoline vehicles check all hose clamps for tight fit as well as the starter belt for tightness.
- Safety and information decals: Check to ensure that all safety and information decals are in place. See Safety Decal and Feature Identification on page 4.
- Tires: Check for proper tire pressure. Visually inspect tires for wear, damage, and proper inflation on a daily basis. See Vehicle Specifications on page 54.
- Battery(ies): Check electrolyte to ensure that it is at its proper level (Figure 25, Page 43 or Figure 30, Page 48). Check battery posts. Wires should be tight and free of corrosion. On electric vehicles charge batteries fully before first use of vehicle.
- Charger cord, plug, and receptacle (electric vehicles): Visually inspect for cracks, loose connections, and frayed wiring. See Plug and Receptacle on page 46.
- Engine (gasoline vehicles): Check for proper engine oil level. See Engine Oil Gasoline Vehicles on page 48.
- Fuel (gasoline vehicles): Check fuel level. See Fueling Instructions Gasoline Vehicles on page 52. Check fuel tank, lines, cap, pump, fuel filters, and carburetor for fuel leakage.
- Exhaust system (gasoline vehicles): Check for leaks.
- Performance Inspection: Inspect as instructed. See Performance Inspection on page 23.

A WARNING

• Be sure the plastic has been removed from the seat bottom before operating the vehicle. Failure to do so may result in a fire, property damage, personal injury, or death.

PERFORMANCE INSPECTION

After you have familiarized yourself with the vehicle controls and have read and understood the driving instructions, take the vehicle for a test drive.

Use the following checklist, in conjunction with the Pre-Operation and Daily Safety Checklist, as a guide to inspect the vehicle and check daily for proper operation. Any problems should be corrected by a Club Car distributor/dealer or a trained technician.

All Vehicles

- Forward/Reverse control: Check for proper operation. See Controls and Indicators on page 16.
- Brakes: Be sure the brakes function properly. When brake pedal is fully pressed under moderate pressure, it should not go more than halfway to the floor, and vehicle should come to a smooth, straight stop. If the pedal goes more than halfway to the floor, or if the vehicle swerves or fails to stop, have the brake system checked and adjusted as required. Brake adjustment must be maintained so that the brake pedal cannot be pressed to the floor under any circumstance.
- Park brake: When latched, the park brake should lock the wheels and hold the vehicle stationary (on an incline of 20% or less). It should release when either the accelerator or brake pedal is pressed.
- Reverse buzzer: The reverse buzzer should sound as a warning when the Forward/Reverse handle or switch is in the REVERSE position.
- Steering: The vehicle should be easy to steer and should not have any play in the steering wheel.
- **General:** Listen for any unusual noises such as squeaks or rattles. Check the vehicle's ride and performance. Have a Club Car distributor/dealer or a trained technician investigate anything unusual.

Electric Vehicles

- Accelerator: With the key switch in the ON position and the Forward/Reverse switch in the FORWARD position, as
 the accelerator pedal is pressed, the motor should start and the vehicle should accelerate smoothly to full speed.
 When the pedal is released it should return to the original position and the motor should rotate freely or go into motor
 braking mode. See Pedal Up Motor Braking below. All Club Car vehicles operate at reduced speed in reverse.
- Walk-Away Braking: With the vehicle parked on level ground and the park brake disengaged, place the Tow/Run switch in the RUN position and attempt to push the vehicle. Motor braking should engage and cause resistance to rolling (moving at no more than 1.5 to 4.8 km/h (1 to 3 mph) with the Forward/Reverse switch in any position. When walk-away braking motor braking is engaged, the reverse buzzer should emit a distinct pattern of beeps. See following WARNING.

A WARNING

- Walk-away braking will not limit vehicle speed to 1.6 km/h (1 mph) on very steep grades. Do not
 operate vehicle on slopes exceeding 20% grades.
- Pedal Up Motor Braking (adjustable on IQ System vehicles): Accelerate the vehicle to full speed and then release the accelerator pedal. Motor braking should quickly and smoothly slow the vehicle to approximately 17.7 km/h (11 mph). Motor braking will disengage when vehicle slows to 17.7 km/h (11 mph). This feature is adjustable for IQ System vehicles. Contact your local Club Car dealer/distributor to inquire about this adjustable feature.
- **Pedal Down Motor Braking:** Accelerate down an incline with the accelerator pedal pressed. When the vehicle reaches maximum programmed speed, motor braking should engage and limit the vehicle to its maximum programmed speed. On very steep grades, the vehicle may slightly exceed its maximum programmed speed, requiring use of the brake pedal.

Gasoline Vehicles

- Accelerator: With the key switch in the ON position and the Forward/Reverse switch in the FORWARD position, as the accelerator pedal is pressed, the engine should start and the vehicle should accelerate smoothly to full speed. When the pedal is released it should return to the original position and the engine should stop. All Club Car vehicles operate at reduced speed in reverse.
- Governor: Check maximum speed of the vehicle. The vehicle should operate at 27 km (17 mph) on a level surface.

DRIVING INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING

- Only licensed drivers should be allowed to drive the vehicle.
- If renting or loaning the vehicle, make sure the driver is familiar with all controls and operating procedures before allowing the vehicle to be driven.
- No more than two people should be on the vehicle at one time.
- The vehicle is not specially equipped for handicapped persons. Be sure all persons can properly operate the vehicle prior to allowing them to drive the vehicle.
- Be sure all passengers are capable of securing themselves in a moving vehicle before allowing them to ride in one.
- For night use, the vehicle must be equipped with headlights, taillights and reflectors.
- Stop the vehicle before shifting the Forward/Reverse handle. Failure to do so may result in injury to an unsuspecting passenger and (or) damage to the vehicle.
- · To help avoid being struck, do not stand in front of or behind the vehicle.
- Operate the vehicle from the driver seat only.
- To help prevent falls from the vehicle, remain seated in a moving vehicle and hold on to hand holds or handrails at all times. Driver should keep both hands on the steering wheel when the vehicle is in motion.
- · To help prevent the possibility of serious injury, keep your entire body inside the vehicle.
- · Do not leave children unattended on vehicle.
- To help prevent overturning the vehicle, drive slowly straight up and down slopes. Avoid driving the vehicle on slopes exceeding 20% incline.
- To help avoid possible injury to an inattentive passenger and (or) damage to the vehicle, avoid sudden starts, sudden stops, and abrupt turns.
- To help avoid the possibility of losing control of or overturning the vehicle, reduce speed for adverse
 driving conditions such as wet grass or rough terrain.
- Do not use the vehicle on public roads. It is not designed or intended for street use and should not be licensed for use on public roads.
- · Obey all local rules.
- The vehicle should be driven in only specified areas by trained drivers.
- Do not drive while under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or medications.
- To prevent overturning the vehicle, drive slowly in turns.
- · Use brakes to reduce speed when coasting downhill.
- Never attempt jumps.
- Keep away from drop-offs, steep slopes, and unstable surfaces.
- Avoid extremely hard braking in reverse.
- This vehicle is not intended to be used where risk of falling objects exists. If your vehicle will be used in such an environment, contact your local dealer.
- Do not drive the vehicle under tree limbs, bridges, tunnels, or other objects that are less than 80 inches (203 cm) from the ground.

No one should drive the vehicle without first being instructed in the proper operation and use of the vehicle's controls. An experienced operator should accompany each first-time driver on a test drive before allowing him/her to operate the vehicle alone.

To ensure safe operation of the vehicle, follow exactly and in order, all of the following procedures. Read and understand all instructions prior to driving the vehicle.

STARTING THE VEHICLE

- 1. Study and understand controls.
- 2. Make sure everyone is seated and holding onto seat hand holds or handrails.
- 3. Read safety and information decals located on the vehicle.
- 4. Make sure wheels are turned in desired direction.
- 5. Turn the key to the ON position and make sure nothing is in your path.
- 6. Select direction by placing the Forward/Reverse switch in desired position (F = forward or R = reverse). A buzzer will sound as a warning when the Forward/Reverse switch is in the REVERSE position.
- 7. Slowly press accelerator pedal. The park brake will release automatically and the vehicle will start to move. As the accelerator pedal is pressed, speed will increase until full speed is reached. **See following WARNING.**

WARNING

- Operator must control speed when going downhill.
- Electric Vehicles only: Pedal down or pedal up motor braking may be used to help control speed when going downhill; however, steep terrain or other conditions may require that pedal braking be used in conjunction with motor braking.

Gasoline vehicles:

- Do not shift the vehicle out of forward while going downhill. If you do, you will not be able to shift into reverse or back into forward until stopped.
- Press the brake pedal as necessary and partially press the accelerator when descending a hill. With the accelerator pedal partially pressed, the governor will cause the engine to assist the brakes in controlling downhill speed.

NOTE: If the Forward/Reverse handle is shifted into the NEUTRAL position, power will be cut off and the engine will stop running.

STOPPING THE VEHICLE

WARNING

• Driving through water may affect the brakes. After driving through water, check effectiveness of the brakes by gently pressing the brake pedal. If the vehicle does not slow down at the normal rate, continue to press the brake pedal until the brakes dry out and normal performance returns.

A CAUTION

• When stopped on a hill, use the brake pedal to hold your position. Do not use the accelerator pedal to hold position.

To stop the vehicle, release the accelerator pedal and press the brake pedal with your right foot until the vehicle comes to a complete stop.

PARKING AND LEAVING THE VEHICLE

- 1. After stopping the vehicle, firmly press the park brake pedal until it locks and prevents the vehicle from rolling.
- 2. Turn the key switch to the OFF position and place the Forward/Reverse handle or switch in the NEUTRAL position. Remove the key when the vehicle is not in use.

- Electric vehicles only: When the Tow/Run switch is in the RUN position (with the Forward/Reverse switch or key switch in any position), the walk-away braking function will prevent the vehicle from rolling at more than 1.5 to 4.8 km/h (1 to 3 mph) unless the accelerator is pressed. This prevents the possibility of a parked vehicle (with the park brake disengaged) rolling away too fast to be overtaken on foot.
- Gasoline vehicles only: Turn the fuel shut-off valve to the closed (OFF) position when the vehicle is not in use.

BED LATCH

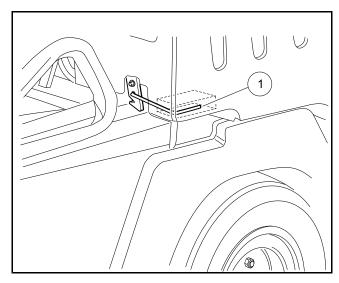
See General Warnings on page 9.

The bed latch (1) is located under the front corners of the bed (Figure 20, Page 27) and engages automatically when the bed is closed. To lift the bed, pull the bed latch toward the side of the vehicle and lift the bed.

To close the bed gently lower the bed to a closed position. DO NOT drop the bed. See following WARNING.

A WARNING

Keep hands and fingers clear of crush area between the bed and the seat back support.



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Figure 20 Bed Latch

LOADING AND UNLOADING

WARNING

- Engage park brake before loading vehicle.
- · Do not allow riders in the cargo bed.
- · Reduce vehicle load and speed when driving up or down slopes or on uneven terrain.
- Reduce speed and avoid sudden stops when backing up. Failure to do so may cause the vehicle to overturn or flip over backwards.

WARNING CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

WARNING

- · Do not exceed rated vehicle capacity. Rated capacity is for level surfaces only.
- Overloading can affect vehicle handling or cause component failure, resulting in loss of control of vehicle and possible severe personal injury or death.
- Do not load tailgate. The tailgate should be in the upright position and latched securely while the vehicle is in motion.
- To help avoid shifting vehicle load and possibly overturning the vehicle, avoid sudden starts, sudden stops and abrupt turns. Make sure cargo is well secured.
- Avoid top-heavy loads. The center of gravity of load should never exceed 15 inches (38 cm) above the bottom of the cargo bed.
- The cargo's center of gravity may affect handling, steering, and braking of the vehicle. When the vehicle is loaded, reduce speed and drive slowly in turns.
- · Unload cargo bed before raising vehicle with a lift, hoist, or jack.
- Avoid stopping on a hill when loaded. If you must stop on a hill, avoid sudden starts, or rolling backwards and stopping suddenly. Failure to heed this warning may cause vehicle to overturn, possibly resulting in severe personal injury.
- Maximum cargo load must be reduced by the weight of optional equipment.

Center and secure cargo as far forward as possible in the cargo bed. Do not overload the vehicle. **See Vehicle Load Capacities on page 28.**

VEHICLE LOAD CAPACITIES

Occupant Capacity

The occupant capacity is the maximum allowable weight for occupants (operator and passengers) to operate the vehicle safely.

Cargo Capacity

The cargo capacity is the maximum amount of load that the vehicle can haul in the cargo bed and other cargo compartments.

Trailer Tongue Weight

Trailer tongue weight is the maximum allowable amount of weight exerted by the trailer tongue onto the trailer hitch.

Gross Trailer Weight

Gross trailer weight is the combination of the trailer weight and the trailer load weight.

Vehicle Rated Capacity

The vehicle rated capacity is the maximum amount of weight on the vehicle. The capacity includes the weight of occupants, cargo, optional equipment, and gross trailer weight. **See following NOTE.**

NOTE: The weight of optional equipment must be included in vehicle rated capacity.

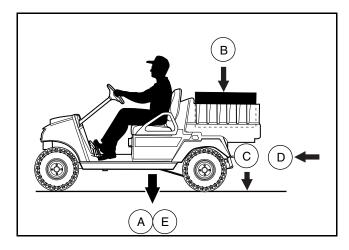
The vehicle rated capacity is less than the sum of the individual weight limits for occupants, cargo, optional equipment, and trailer. Plan loads accordingly so as not to exceed vehicle rated capacity.

Maximum Gross Vehicle Weight

The maximum gross vehicle weight is the combination of the vehicle weight and the vehicle rated capacity. The stated maximum gross vehicle weight must not be exceeded to maintain safe vehicle operation.

Refer to Figure 21 for the following specifications.

	Gasoline Vehicle	Electric Vehicle
A: Occupant capacity	500 lb. (227 kg)	500 lb. (227 kg)
B: Cargo capacity (cargo and bed load)	300 lb. (136 kg)	300 lb. (136 kg)
C: Trailer tongue weight	150 lb. force (667 N)*	150 lb. force (667 N)*
D: Gross trailer weight	300 lb. (136 kg)*	300 lb. (136 kg)*
E: Optional equipment	300 lb. (136 kg)	300 lb. (136 kg)
A + B + D + E: Vehicle rated capacity	800 lb. (363 kg)	800 lb. (363 kg)
A + B + D + E + Vehicle Weight: Maximum gross vehicle weight	1605 lb. (728 kg)	1756 lb. (796 kg)
* Actual hitch rating may be less.	-	-



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Figure 21 Vehicle Load Capacity

TOWING WITH THE VEHICLE

A WARNING

- · Do not tow a vehicle or trailer on public streets or highways.
- Normal vehicle operating speed should be reduced when towing.
- Extreme caution should be used when towing.
- Total vehicle capacity, including the tow vehicle load rating and the gross weight of the vehicle or trailer being towed should not exceed the weight previously specified.
- Do not allow riders in the vehicle or trailer being towed.
- · Avoid sudden starts, sudden stops, and tight turns when towing.
- Avoid stopping on a hill when towing. If you must stop on a hill, avoid sudden starts or rolling backwards and stopping suddenly. Failure to heed this warning could cause the vehicle to overturn, possibly resulting in severe personal injury.
- Stay clear from the area between the tow vehicle and the towed vehicle or trailer.

Because towing a vehicle or trailer can have an adverse effect on vehicle handling, be especially cautious when towing. See the preceding chart for vehicle capacities.

Parking the vehicle with a trailer on a hill should be avoided. If you must park on a hill, apply the brakes and have someone chock the tires of the trailer. Brakes should be released to allow the chocks to absorb the load of the trailer. After the tires have been chocked, engage the park brake.

TRANSPORTING ON A TRAILER

WARNING

- For use on public roads, the trailer must meet all federal, state, and local requirements such as taillights, brake lights, etc.
- Do not tow a Club Car vehicle behind a passenger vehicle or truck on a public road unless it is on an approved trailer.
- The vehicle to be towed should be tied securely to the trailer, with the Forward/Reverse handle or switch in the NEUTRAL position, the key switch in the OFF position, and the park brake firmly pressed and locked to prevent movement.
- Do not allow people in the trailer or vehicle being towed.
- · Avoid sudden starts, sudden stops, and tight turns when towing.
- Avoid stopping on a hill when towing. If you must stop on a hill, avoid sudden starts or rolling backwards and stopping suddenly. Failure to heed this warning could cause the vehicle to overturn, possibly resulting in severe personal injury.
- When towing on a trailer, normal road speed of the tow vehicle should be reduced.
- · Because of the added length of the trailer, use caution when making turns.
- Remove the vehicle windshield and secure the seat bottom before transporting on a trailer.
- Gasoline vehicles only: Turn the fuel shut-off valve to the closed (OFF) position (Figure 22, Page 34).

If the vehicle must be transported over long distances or on public highways, it should be transported on an approved trailer that has the approved load rating of 544 kg (1200 lb.) per vehicle being transported. **See following NOTE.**

NOTE: A two-car trailer should be rated at $2 \times 544 = 1088 \text{ kg}$ ($2 \times 1200 = 2400 \text{ lb.}$).

STORAGE - ELECTRIC VEHICLES

See General Warnings on page 9.

WARNING

- Turn the key switch to the OFF position, remove the key, and leave the Forward/Reverse handle or switch in the NEUTRAL position during storage. This is to prevent unintentionally starting the vehicle or a fire hazard. Place the Tow/Run switch in the TOW position.
- Do not attempt to charge frozen batteries or batteries with bulged cases. Discard the battery. Frozen batteries can explode.

A CAUTION

- · Batteries in a low state of charge will freeze at low temperatures.
- To avoid exposing electrical components to moisture and subsequent damage, do not use any type of pressure washing or steam cleaning equipment to wash the vehicle.

PREPARING THE ELECTRIC VEHICLE FOR EXTENDED STORAGE

Check Battery Water Levels Two Weeks Prior to Storage

Check water levels at least two weeks prior to winter storage to ensure proper mixing of water and electrolyte. Note that it takes approximately five charge cycles with a minimum of 10 energy units (EUs) removed to properly mix the water with electrolyte. Do NOT water batteries immediately prior to storage because this will not provide sufficient charge time to mix the water with the electrolyte. Freezing can occur when batteries are stored in this condition.

1. Check the water levels in each battery cell. If water is required, fill the cells to cover the plates, charge the batteries, and then use distilled water to fill each cell to the correct level. Electrolyte level should be from ½ inch (13 mm) above plates to ¼ inch (6 mm) below the level indicator (**Figure 25**).

Immediately Prior to Storage, Perform the Following Steps

- Turn the key switch to the OFF position, remove the key, and leave the Forward/Reverse switch in the NEUTRAL position during storage.
- 2. If so installed, turn off all accessories, including GPS units, fans, etc.
- 3. Place the tow/run switch in the TOW position. Because the battery warning light does not illuminate with the key in the OFF position and the tow switch in TOW, do not use the warning light as an indication of the batteries' state of charge.

NOTE: If Visage or Guardian units are installed on vehicles and remote monitoring will be used during the storage period, make sure the Tow/Run Switch remains in the RUN position rather than in the TOW position required for all other vehicles.

- 4. Batteries should be clean and free of corrosion. Wash tops and terminals of batteries with a solution of baking soda and water (1 cup (237 mL) baking soda per 1 gallon (3.8 L) of water). Rinse solution off batteries. Do not allow this solution to enter the batteries. Let the terminals dry and then coat them with Battery Terminal Protector Spray (CC P/N 1014305).
- 5. Tighten all battery cable connections to 110 in-lb.
- 6. Store vehicle in a cool, dry place. This will minimize battery self-discharge.
- 7. Adjust tires to recommended tire pressure. See Vehicle Specifications on page 54.
- 8. Perform semiannual periodic lubrication. See Periodic Lubrication Schedules on page 38.
- 9. Thoroughly clean front body, rear body, seats, battery compartment, and underside of vehicle.
- 10. Do not engage the park brake. Chock the wheels to prevent the vehicle from rolling.

NOTE: It is recommended that the vehicles be plugged in and the electrolyte level maintained throughout the storage period. If any of the following conditions exist, however, then disconnect the batteries for storage: 1) The charger cannot remain plugged in, 2) AC power will not be available during extended storage, or 3) Electrolyte levels will not be maintained. To disconnect batteries for storage, go to step 12.

- 11. To keep batteries fully charged during storage:
 - 11.1. Plug the battery charger into the car. Leave battery chargers plugged in during storage. The onboard computer (OBC) will automatically activate the charger when necessary.
 - 11.2. Check the electrolyte level and charger function monthly to ensure that proper operation is maintained. To check charger function, disconnect the DC cord (stationary charger) from the vehicle or the AC cord (onboard charger) from the power source, wait five seconds, then reconnect it. The charger is functioning properly if the ammeter indicates current.
- NOTE: The OBC keeps track of the time spent in storage mode. When the OBC detects that the storage charge cycles may have depleted the available electrolyte, it will stop the charger from further operation.

 Disconnecting then reconnecting the DC cord (stationary charger) or AC cord (onboard charger) indicates the electrolyte levels have been maintained and allows the OBC to resume operation.
 - 11.3. If AC power is off for 7 days or longer, the OBC will not function or charge the vehicle again until it has been restarted. To restart the computer, make sure AC power has been restored, disconnect the DC

cord (stationary charger) from the vehicle or the AC cord (onboard charger) from the power source, wait five seconds, then reconnect it.

CAUTION

- Be sure to check the batteries and charger monthly to maintain correct battery water level and to ensure the charger is operating correctly during storage.
- 12. To disconnect the batteries for storage:
 - 12.1. Disconnect B- battery cable that comes from the OBC and secure it in a way that ensures the cable will not come into contact with battery terminal.

RETURNING THE STORED ELECTRIC VEHICLE TO SERVICE

- 1. If necessary, connect batteries. See Connecting the Batteries Electric Vehicles on page 12.
- 2. Fully charge batteries.
- 3. Adjust tires to recommended tire pressure. See Vehicle Specifications on page 54.
- 4. Perform the Pre-Operation and Daily Safety Checklist on page 23.

STORAGE - GASOLINE VEHICLES

See General Warnings on page 9.

A DANGER

- Do not attempt to drain fuel when the engine is hot or while it is running.
- · Be sure to clean up any spilled gasoline before operating the vehicle.
- Store fuel in an approved fuel container only. Store in a well-ventilated area away from sparks, open flames, heaters, or heat sources.
- · Keep fuel out of the reach of children.
- · Do not siphon fuel from the vehicle.

WARNING

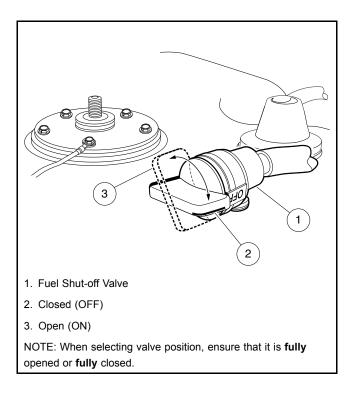
- Only trained technicians should service or repair the vehicle or battery charger. Anyone doing even simple repairs or service should have knowledge and experience in electrical and mechanical repair. The appropriate instructions must be used when performing maintenance, service, or accessory installation.
- Turn the key switch to the OFF position, remove the key, and leave the Forward/Reverse handle in the NEUTRAL position during storage. This is to prevent unintentionally starting the vehicle or a fire hazard.
- Turn the fuel shut-off valve to the closed (OFF) position (Figure 22).

A CAUTION

Batteries in a low state of charge will freeze at low temperatures.

PREPARING THE GASOLINE VEHICLE FOR EXTENDED STORAGE

- 1. Store vehicle in a cool, dry place. This will minimize battery self-discharge. If the battery appears to be weak, have it charged by a trained technician. Use an automotive-type 12-volt battery charger rated at 10 amps or less.
- 2. Drain carburetor and seal the fuel tank.
 - 2.1. Place the Forward/Reverse handle in the NEUTRAL position and the neutral lockout cam in the MAINTENANCE position. Turn the fuel shut-off valve to the closed (OFF) position (Figure 22) and run the engine until fuel remaining in the carburetor and fuel lines is depleted and the engine stalls.
 - 2.2. Loosen, but do not remove, the carburetor drain screw and drain fuel remaining in bowl into a small, clean container, then pour the fuel from the container into vehicle fuel tank. Tighten the carburetor drain screw.
 - 2.3. Disconnect fuel vent line from fuel tank vent nipple.
 - 2.4. Plug the fuel tank vent nipple so that it is air tight. We recommend using a slip-on vinyl cap.
- 3. Disconnect battery and spark plug wire(s). See Disconnecting the Battery Gasoline Vehicles on page 11.
- 4. Batteries should be clean and free of corrosion. Wash tops and terminals of batteries with a solution of baking soda and water (237 mL (1 cup) baking soda per 3.8 L (1 gallon) of water). Rinse solution off batteries. Do not allow this solution to enter the batteries. Let the terminals dry and then coat them with Battery Terminal Protector Spray.
- 5. To protect the engine, remove spark plug and pour 14.2 mL (1/2 oz.) of SAE 10 weight oil into the engine through the spark plug hole. Rotate engine crankshaft by hand several times, then install the spark plug and tighten to 27 N·m (20 ft-lb).



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Figure 22 Fuel Shut-off Valve

- 6. Adjust tires to recommended tire pressure. See Vehicle Specifications on page 54.
- 7. Perform semiannual periodic lubrication. See Periodic Lubrication Schedules on page 38.
- Thoroughly clean front body, rear body, seats, engine compartment, and underside of vehicle.
- 9. Do not engage the park brake. Chock the wheels to prevent the vehicle from rolling.

RETURNING THE STORED GASOLINE VEHICLE TO SERVICE

- 1. Restore fuel system to operation (Figure 36).
 - 1.1. Remove plug from fuel tank vent.
 - 1.2. Connect vent tube to fuel tank vent.
- Connect battery and spark plug wire(s). See Connecting the Battery Gasoline Vehicles on page 11.
- 3. Completely open the fuel shut-off valve (**Figure 22**). Make sure the valve is fully open. A partially closed fuel shut-off valve combined with the use of the choke can result in a fouled spark plug and engine failure.
- 4. Place the Forward/Reverse handle in the NEUTRAL position and the neutral lockout switch in the MAINTENANCE position. Crank the engine until fuel is pumped into the carburetor and fuel lines and the engine starts. Turn the engine off and return the neutral lockout switch to the OPERATE position. See following NOTE.

NOTE: Due to the oil added to the engine in preparation for storage, engine may smoke excessively for a short time when it is run for the first time after storage.

- 5. Adjust tires to recommended tire pressure. See Vehicle Specifications on page 54.
- 6. Perform the Pre-Operation and Daily Safety Checklist on page 23.

MAINTENANCE

See General Warnings on page 9.

To ensure trouble-free vehicle performance, it is very important to follow an established preventive maintenance program. Regular and consistent vehicle maintenance can prevent vehicle downtime and expensive repairs that can result from neglect. Use the Pre-Operation and Daily Safety Checklist on page 23 and the following *Periodic Service Schedules* and *Periodic Lubrication Schedules* to keep the vehicle in proper working condition.

Any vehicle not functioning correctly should be removed from use until it is properly repaired. This will prevent further damage to the vehicle and avoid the possibility of injury due to unsafe conditions.

Contact your local Club Car distributor/dealer to perform all repairs and semiannual and annual periodic service.

WARNING

- If any problems are found during scheduled inspection or service, do not operate the vehicle until repairs are made. Failure to make necessary repairs could result in fire, property damage, severe personal injury, or death.
- Only trained technicians should service or repair the vehicle or battery charger. Anyone doing even simple repairs or service should have knowledge and experience in electrical and mechanical repair. The appropriate instructions must be used when performing maintenance, service, or accessory installation.

Electric vehicles:

- · Hot! Do not attempt to service hot motor. Attempting to do so could cause severe burns.
- To avoid unintentionally starting the vehicle, disconnect the batteries and discharge the controller. See Disconnecting the Batteries Electric Vehicles on page 12.

Gasoline vehicles only:

- Moving parts: Do not attempt to service gasoline vehicle while the engine is running.
- Hot! Do not attempt to service hot engine or exhaust system. Failure to heed this warning could result in severe burns.
- Turn the fuel shut-off valve to the closed (OFF) position (Figure 22, Page 34).
- To avoid unintentionally starting the vehicle, disconnect battery and spark plug wire(s). See Disconnecting the Battery Gasoline Vehicles on page 11.
- Frame ground Do not allow tools or other metal objects to contact frame when disconnecting batteries or other electrical wiring. Never allow a positive wire to touch the vehicle frame, engine, or other metal component.

PERIODIC SERVICE SCHEDULES

See General Warnings on page 9.

A WARNING

- Service, repairs, and adjustments must be made per instructions in the maintenance and service manual.
- If any problems are found during scheduled inspection or service, do not operate the vehicle until repairs are made. Failure to make necessary repairs could result in fire, property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

NOTE: If the vehicle is constantly subjected to heavy use or severe operating conditions, the preventive maintenance procedure should be performed more often than recommended in the periodic service and lubrication schedules.

Both the Periodic Service Schedule and Periodic Lubrication Schedule must be followed to keep vehicle in optimum operating condition.

PERIODIC SERVICE SCHEDULE – ELECTRIC VEHICLES				
REGULAR INTERVAL	SERVICE			
	Pre-Operation and Daily Safety Checklist	See Pre-Operation and Daily Safety Checklist on page 23.		
Daily service by owner	Performance Inspection	See Performance Inspection on page 23.		
	Batteries	Charge batteries (after each daily use only).		
Weekly service by owner	Batteries	Check electrolyte level. Add water if necessary. See page 43.		
	Batteries	Wash battery tops and clean terminals with baking soda/water solution.		
Monthly service by owner or trained technician	Tires	Check air pressure and adjust if necessary. See Vehicle Specifications on page 54.		
	General vehicle	Wash battery compartment and underside of vehicle.		
		Check brake shoes; replace if necessary.		
	Brake system	Lubricate brake slides per Lubrication Schedule.		
		Check brake cables for damage; replace if necessary.		
Semiannual service by trained technician only (or every 50 hours of operation,		Check brake cable equalizer adjustment; adjust if necessary.		
whichever comes first)	Electrical wiring and connections	Check for tightness and damage.		
	Forward/Reverse switch	Check condition of contacts and wire connections. Make sure connections are tight.		
	Front wheel alignment and camber	Check and adjust as required. See Steering and Front Suspension Section in the appropriate maintenance and service manual.		
	Motor controller output regulator (MCOR)	Check for loose hardware, cracks and other damage.		
Annual service by trained technician only (or every 100 hours of operation, whichever comes first)	Batteries	If batteries are not performing as expected, see Batteries Section in the appropriate maintenance and service manual.		
	Safety decals	Check safety decals. Replace if damaged or illegible.		

REGULAR INTERVAL	SERVICE			
Daily service by owner	Pre-Operation and Daily Safety Checklist	See Pre-Operation and Daily Safety Checklist on page 23.		
	Performance Inspection	See Performance Inspection on page 23.		
		Check engine oil level; change if necessary. See Periodic Lubrication Schedules on page 38.		
Monthly service by owner or trained technician	Engine	Check engine cooling air intake; clean if necessary. Visually inspect the unshrouded area around engine exhaust for grass and debris, and clean if necessary.		
	Tires	Check air pressure and adjust as necessary. See Vehicle Specifications on page 54.		
	General vehicle	Wash engine compartment and underside of vehicle. Do not wash engine when hot.		
	Battery	Clean terminals and wash dirt from casing; check electrolyte level. See Battery – Gasoline Vehicles on page 47.		
	Front wheel alignment and camber	Check and adjust if necessary. See Steering and Front Suspension Section in the appropriate maintenance and service manual.		
Semiannual service by trained technician only (or every 50 hours of operation,	Electrical wiring and connections	Check for tightness and damage.		
whichever comes first)	Brake system	Check brake shoes; replace if necessary.		
		Lubricate brake slides. See Periodic Lubrication Schedules on page 38.		
		Check brake cables for damage; replace if necessary.		
		Check brake cable equalizer adjustment; adjust if necessary.		
		Check for leaks around gaskets, fill plugs, etc.		
	Engine	Inspect, clean and regap spark plug; replace if necessary.		
Annual service by trained technician only		Check air filter element; clean or replace if necessary.		
(or every 100 hours of operation, whichever comes first)	Engine air intake system	Check clamps for tightness; check hose for cracks.		
	General vehicle	Check for loose hardware and tighten if necessary.		
	Safety decals	Check safety decals. Replace if damaged or illegible.		
Two year service by trained technician only (or every 200 hours of operation, whichever comes first)	Fuel filters	Replace. Dispose of used filters properly.		

PERIODIC LUBRICATION SCHEDULES

PERIODIC LUBRICATION SCHEDULE – ELECTRIC VEHICLES				
REGULAR INTERVAL	SERVICE	LUBRICATION POINTS	RECOMMENDED LUBRICANT	
	Brake pedal shaft bearings	•	Dry Moly Lube	
	Brake linkage and pivots	2	Dry Moly Lube	
Semiannually by owner or trained technician (or every 50 hours of operation, whichever comes first)	Accelerator pivot rod supports	3 ~	Dry Moly Lube	
	Charger receptacle	4	WD-40	
comoc mot,	Brake slides	5 ~	Dry Moly Lube	
	Front suspension (2 fittings)	6	Chassis Lube – EP NLGI Grade 2	
Annually by trained technician only (or every 100 hours of operation, whichever comes first)	Check/fill transaxle to plug level	•	0.67 L (22 oz.) SAE 30 WT. API Class SE, SF, or SG Oil (or higher)	

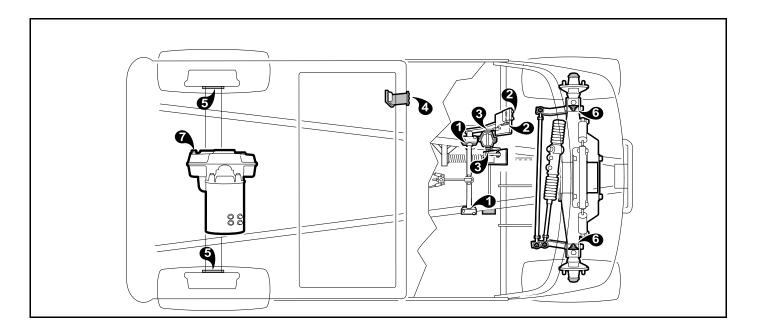


Figure 23 Lubrication Points – Electric Vehicles

PERIODIC LUBRICATION SCHEDULE – GASOLINE VEHICLES				
REGULAR INTERVAL	LAR INTERVAL SERVICE LUBRICATION POINTS		RECOMMENDED LUBRICANT	
	Brake pedal shaft bearings	•	Dry Moly Lube	
Semiannually by owner	Brake linkage and pivots	2	Dry Moly Lube	
trained technician (or every 50 hours of operation, whichever comes first)	Accelerator push rod pivots, mounts, and shifter cable pivots	3	Dry Moly Lube	
	Front suspension (2 fittings)	4	Chassis Lube	
	Brake slides	5	Dry Moly Lube	
Annually by trained technician only (or every 100 hours of operation, whichever comes first)	Check/fill unitized transaxle to plug level	6	0.8 L (27 oz.) 80-90 WT. API Class GL-3 or 80-90 WT. AGMA Class EP Gear Lube	
First change 100 hours – additional change every 200 hours of operation, or annually, whichever comes first.	Change engine oil and oil filter	•	0.95 L (32 oz.) without filter; 1.12 L (38 oz.) with filter	

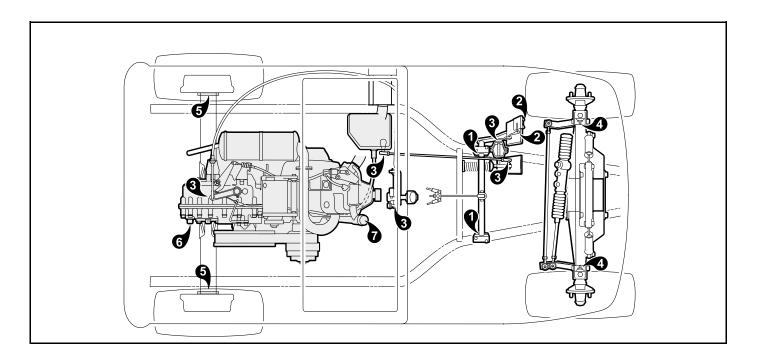


Figure 24 Lubrication Points – Gasoline Vehicles

BATTERIES - ELECTRIC VEHICLES

See General Warnings on page 9.

▲ DANGER

- Battery Explosive gases! Do not smoke. Keep sparks and flames away from the vehicle and service
 area. Ventilate when charging or operating vehicle in an enclosed area. Wear a full face shield and
 rubber gloves when working on or near batteries.
- Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area only. Batteries emit hydrogen while being charged. Hydrogen is an explosive gas and must never exceed a level of 2% of the air.
- Battery Poison! Contains acid! Causes severe burns. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.
 Antidotes:
 - External: Flush with water. Call a physician immediately.
 - Internal: Drink large quantities of milk or water followed with milk of magnesia or vegetable oil. Call a physician immediately.
 - Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes. Call a physician immediately.

WARNING

- Wear safety glasses or approved eye protection when servicing the vehicle or battery charger. Wear a full face shield and rubber gloves when working on or near batteries.
- Use insulated tools when working near batteries or electrical connections. Use extreme caution to avoid shorting of components or wiring.
- Ensure battery connections are clean and properly tightened. See Battery Care on page 41.

CAUTION

On all electric vehicles, turn off all accessories before charging batteries.

NOTE: Recycle or dispose of discarded batteries in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Club Car electric vehicles use deep-cycle batteries. Automotive batteries should never be used in electric vehicles.

New batteries will not deliver their full capabilities until they have been discharged and recharged 20 to 50 times. To obtain the maximum service life from new batteries, restrict vehicles with new batteries to one hour of operation between charges for the first two months vehicle is in service. Batteries should be fully charged before first use of new vehicle, before first use of a vehicle after storage, and before use each day.

WATER QUALITY

To keep batteries in good working condition, the purity of water used is very important. Distilled water is quite pure and is the most common type of water used in batteries. Other acceptable types are deionized water and water from reverse osmosis. Ordinary tap water should not be used because it contains an excessive amount of impurities that will degrade battery performance.

Distilled water is produced by distillation, a process in which water is boiled, the steam is collected and then condensed back into water. This process creates a finished product free of minerals, having left all the impurities in the original water sample. Club Car, along with our battery manufacturers, highly recommends that distilled water be used in electric vehicle batteries.

Deionized water is the purest form of water, but it is also the most expensive. Deionization removes all ionizable particles (organic and inorganic) from water through ion exchange. Positively and negatively charged ions are removed

from the water and replaced with H+ and OH- ions. When these two ions are combined, they form H2O, or purified water.

Reverse osmosis is a method of removing solids from water by forcing it through a membrane. The membrane rejects all solids while allowing purified water to pass through. The choice of membrane determines the amount of impurities that the water may contain.

Water from municipal supplies, ponds and wells usually contain detrimental levels of dissolved minerals and chemicals. If using tap water, it is important to use an in-line deionizer to remove impurities that can damage batteries and significantly reduce battery life. If tap water is used without a deionizer, regular water analyses must be conducted to check for impurities because water companies commonly revise their additives on a periodic basis. The following chart lists the maximum allowable minerals, solids, and contaminates in parts per million and their impact on battery performance. Your local water company should be able to perform testing and compare their results to the chart.

If using tap water, Club Car's Service Parts Department offers two different deionzier systems: one for vehicles equipped with the Single Point Water System (SPWS) CC P/N AM1240701 and the other for vehicles without SPWS, CC P/N AM10974.

IMPURITY	ALLOWABLE CONTENT (PARTS PER MILLION)	EFFECTS OF IMPURITY
Suspended matter	Trace	-
Total solids	100.0	-
Organic and volatile matter	50.0	Corrosion of positive plates
Ammonia	8.0	Slight self-discharge of both plates
Antimony	5.0	Self-discharge, reduces life, lower on-charge voltage
Arsenic	0.5	Self-discharge, can form poisonous gas
Calcium	40.0	Increase of positive plate shedding
Chloride	5.0	Loss of capacity in plates, greater loss in positive plates
Copper	5.0	Increased self-discharge, lower on-charge voltage
Iron	3.0	Increased self-discharge, lower on-charge voltage
Magnesium	40.0	Reduced life
Nickel	None allowed	Intense lowering of on-charge voltage
Nitrates	10.0	Increased sulfation of negative plate
Nitrites	5.0	Plate corrosion, loss of capacity, reduced life
Platinum	None allowed	Violent self-discharge, lower on-charge voltag
Selenium	2.0	Positive plate shedding
Zinc	4.0	Slight self-discharge of negative plates

BATTERY CARE

To keep batteries in good working condition, follow this maintenance program on a regular basis. Proper battery maintenance is critical not only for good performance, but also for safe operation. **See following WARNING.**

WARNING

- · Ensure battery connections are clean and properly tightened.
- The batteries should be kept clean and free of corrosion. Wash tops and terminals of batteries with a solution
 of baking soda and water (237 mL (1 cup) baking soda per 3.8 L (1 gallon) of water). Rinse solution off the
 batteries. Do not allow this solution to enter the battery. Be sure terminals are tight. Let the terminals dry and
 then coat with Battery Terminal Protector Spray. See following NOTE.

NOTE: Dispose of waste water properly.

2. The electrolyte level in the batteries should be checked weekly (Figure 25). Add water only after charging unless the electrolyte level is below the top of the plates. In this case, add just enough water to cover the plates, charge and then check the level again. Never charge batteries if plates are exposed above electrolyte level. For best battery life, add only distilled water. See following NOTE and CAUTION.

A CAUTION

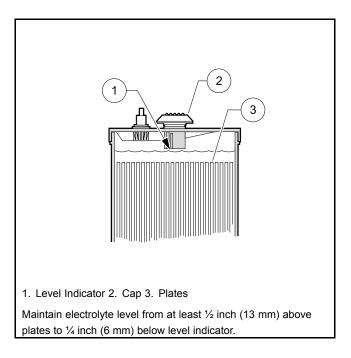
· Do not overfill the batteries.

NOTE: A battery watering gun or bottle is available at many auto parts dealers.

3. The battery hold-downs should be tight enough so that the batteries do not move while the vehicle is in motion, but not so tight as to crack or buckle the battery case. For 8-volt batteries, tighten retaining nuts on the two inner hold-downs to 115 in-lb (13 N·m), and tighten the retaining nuts on the two outer hold-downs to 55 in-lb (6.2 N·m). The terminal connections should be clean and tight, and any worn insulation or frayed wires should be replaced. Tighten battery terminals to proper torque. See Connecting the Batteries – Electric Vehicles on page 12. See following WARNING.

▲ WARNING

- If battery wire terminals are damaged or corroded, replace or clean them as necessary. Failure to do so may cause them to overheat during operation and could result in a fire, property damage, or personal injury.
- 4. After use, the batteries should be placed on charge. The batteries should never be left discharged any longer than absolutely necessary (do not leave discharged overnight).



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Figure 25 Electric Battery Electrolyte Level

BATTERY CHARGER - ELECTRIC VEHICLES

A DANGER

- The charging area must be ventilated. Hydrogen level in the air must never exceed 2%. The total volume of air in the charging area must be changed five times per hour. Exhaust fans should be located at the highest point of the roof. Contact a local HVAC engineer.
- Do not charge the vehicle batteries with the vehicle covered or enclosed. Any enclosure or cover should be removed or unzipped and pulled back when batteries are being charged. An accumulation of hydrogen gas could result in an explosion.

A WARNING

- Only trained technicians should repair or service the charger. Contact your nearest Club Car distributor/dealer.
- Each charger should have its own dedicated 15 or 20 ampere separately protected (circuit breaker or fuse) single phase branch circuit, in accordance with all applicable electrical codes for the location.
- Connect the charger AC supply cord to a properly grounded, three-wire outlet of the proper voltage and frequency as shown on the charger.
- Do not use an adapter to plug the charger with a three-prong plug into a two-prong outlet. Improper connection of the equipment-grounding conductor can result in a fire or an electrical shock.
- An extension cord or electrical outlet must accept a three-prong plug. Extension cord should be a
 three-wire 4.0 mm² (No. 12 AWG), and be as short as possible (no more than 3.7 m (12 feet)). The use
 of improper extension cord could result in fire or an electrical shock.

WARNING CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

WARNING

- Do not operate the charger if it has received a sharp blow, was dropped, or otherwise damaged in any way.
- Have worn, cut, or damaged power cords or wires replaced immediately.
- Do not use near fuels, grain dust, solvents, thinners, or other flammables. Chargers can ignite flammable materials and vapors.
- Do not expose to rain or any liquid. Keep the charger dry.
- Never push objects of any kind into the charger through cabinet slots. They may touch dangerous voltage points or cause an electrical short circuit that could result in fire or electrical shock.
- Do not connect a stationary charger to the receptacle if the charger cord, plug, or the vehicle receptacle is broken, damaged, or does not make a good electrical connection. Fire or personal injury can result. Have a qualified technician replace the parts.
- When the charger is on, the charger DC cord may be disconnected from the vehicle receptacle slowly.
 Jerking or pulling the DC cord out quickly could cause arcing and burning that could damage the plug and receptacle and could cause batteries to explode.
- Do not block or cover the charger ventilation slots. The slots provide ventilation and protect the charger from overheating.
- Do not allow clothing, blankets, or other material to cover the charger.
- Do not allow the charger to operate for more than 30 minutes at 19 or more amperes.
- Install surge arrestors on incoming AC power lines. Surge arrestors will help protect electrical components in the charger and on the vehicle from all but direct or close lightning strikes.

NOTE: Because the vehicle's onboard computer (OBC) has a storage charge feature that automatically checks and recharges the batteries as necessary every 15 days, the charger can remain connected to an electric vehicle throughout the storage period.

At one hour and two hours into the charge cycle, the charger will run a self-diagnostic program (ammeter will drop to zero). Charging will resume in a few moments (ammeter returns to previous rate of charge).

Each electric vehicle is supplied with a fully automatic battery charger as standard equipment. The AC cord to each charger is to be connected to a source capable of supplying 15 amperes minimum per charger.

To reduce the risk of electric shock, the battery charger must be grounded. The charger is equipped with an AC electric cord having an equipment-grounding conductor and a grounding type plug. The AC plug must be connected to an appropriate receptacle that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code and all local codes and ordinances. See the owner's manual supplied with the charger for specific operating instructions before using the charger.

The use of an extension cord with the charger should be avoided. If an extension cord must be used, use a three-conductor 4.0 mm² (No. 12 AWG), heavy-duty cord with ground, properly wired and in good electrical condition. Keep it as short as possible (no more than 3.7 m (12 feet). Place all cords so they will not be stepped on, tripped over, or otherwise subject to damage or stress.

Ensure that the charger ventilation slots are unobstructed and that there is adequate ventilation.

CHARGING BATTERIES

A WARNING

- · Be sure all wire connections at the receptacle and the fuse link are clean and tight.
- Do not rock or bend the plug. To connect the charger plug to the vehicle receptacle, grasp the plug handle and push the plug straight into the receptacle (Figure 26, Page 45).

WARNING CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

WARNING

- Do not pull on the DC cord (Figure 27, Page 45). Do not twist, rock or bend the plug. To disconnect the charger plug from the vehicle receptacle, grasp the plug by the handle and pull the plug straight out of the receptacle.
- Do not connect a charger to the receptacle if the charger cord, plug, or the vehicle receptacle is broken, damaged in any manner, or does not make a good electrical connection. Fire or personal injury can result. Have it replaced by a qualified service person immediately.
- Failure to follow these instructions could result in damage to the charger cord, the plug, and (or) the vehicle receptacle.
- Do not use a charger if:
 - The plug is too loose or does not make a good connection.
 - The plug and receptacle feel hotter than normal during charge.
 - The plug pins or receptacle contacts are bent or corroded.
 - The plug, receptacle, or cords are cut, worn, have any exposed wires or are damaged in any way.
- Using the charger with any of the above symptoms could result in a fire, property damage, personal
 injury, or death.

NOTE: When temperatures fall below 18.3 °C (65 °F), batteries charged in unheated areas should be placed on charge as soon as possible after use. Batteries are warmest immediately after use, and cold batteries require more time to fully charge.

Insert the charger DC plug into the vehicle receptacle. The charger will turn on two to ten seconds later (**Figure 26**). When inserting the DC plug, align the raised guide on the plug with the guide slot in the receptacle and push straight in slowly.

Club Car battery chargers interact with the vehicle's onboard computer. The computer records the amount of energy consumed during vehicle use. While the charger is plugged in, the vehicle's control circuit is locked out, preventing operation of the vehicle as well as the possibility of consequent damage to the charger and the vehicle.

Once the lockout is actuated, the charger turns on. The onboard computer then records the amount of energy being returned to the batteries. When the optimum amount of energy needed to replenish the batteries is returned, the charger will shut off. The control circuit lockout remains activated until the charger plug is disconnected from the vehicle.

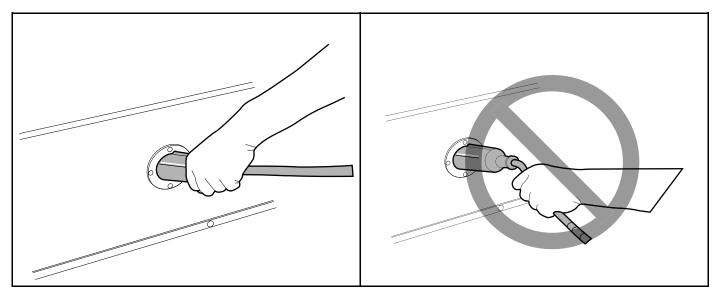


Figure 26 Correct Insertion of Charger DC Plug

Figure 27 Incorrect Insertion of Charger DC Plug

Club Car electric vehicles are supplied with a battery charger. Other Club Car models or vehicles made by other manufacturers are not compatible.

As long as the charger is allowed to shut off by itself, the batteries will be fully charged. Overcharging and undercharging will normally be prevented.

Batteries should be put on charge even if they have been used for only a short period (10 minutes). The charger is automatic and will turn off when batteries are fully charged. If the charger does not seem to be operating properly, or if the batteries seem weak, contact your local Club Car distributor/dealer.

PLUG AND RECEPTACLE

The charger cord, plug, and receptacle are wear items and should be inspected daily. Visually inspect them for cracks, loose connections, and frayed wiring; they must be replaced when worn or damaged. If charger plug or receptacle show signs of corrosion or the plug is difficult to insert or remove, the receptacle contacts and plug terminals should be cleaned with a good electrical contact cleaner or lightly sprayed with WD-40® brand spray lubricant. The plug should then be inserted and removed several times to ensure ease of insertion, ease of removal, and good electrical contact. **See following NOTE.**

NOTE: If the warning tag has been damaged or removed from the DC cord, have it replaced immediately.

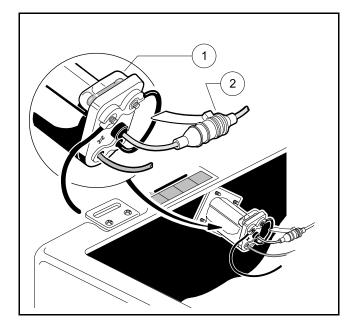


Figure 28 Receptacle Fuse Link

RECEPTACLE FUSE LINK

As an additional feature to protect the batteries and charging circuit from an overload, the electric vehicle is equipped with a receptacle fuse link (**Figure 28**). If the charger does not come on when the vehicle is placed on charge, visually inspect the fuse link. **See following WARNING.**

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A WARNING

 If the receptacle fuse link is blown, determine the source of the electrical problem and correct it before replacing the fuse. Contact your nearest Club Car distributor/dealer.

BATTERY - GASOLINE VEHICLES

See General Warnings on page 9.

A DANGER

- Battery Explosive gases! Do not smoke. Keep sparks and flames away from the vehicle and service
 area. Ventilate when charging or operating vehicle in an enclosed area. Wear a full face shield and
 rubber gloves when working on or near batteries.
- Tools, wires, and metal objects can cause sparks when shorted across a battery.
- · Follow all instructions carefully when working with batteries.
- · Charge battery in a well-ventilated area only.
- Battery Poison! Contains acid! Causes severe burns. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.
 Antidotes:
 - External: Flush with water. Call a physician immediately.
 - Internal: Drink large quantities of milk or water followed with milk of magnesia or vegetable oil. Call a physician immediately.
 - Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes. Call a physician immediately.

▲ WARNING

Do not jump start a dead battery using another battery and jumper cables.

The battery in the Club Car gasoline vehicle is a 12-volt, low maintenance battery that requires infrequent watering (Figure 29).

Any corrosion around the positive (+) or negative (–) terminals should be washed off with a solution of baking soda and water (1 cup (237 mL) per gallon (3.8 L) of water). Rinse solution off the battery. Do not allow this solution to enter battery. Be sure terminals are tight. Let the terminals dry and then spray them with Battery Terminal Protector Spray (CC P/N 1014305). See Connecting the Battery – Gasoline Vehicles on page 11. See preceding WARNING and following WARNING.

▲ WARNING

 If battery wire terminals are damaged or corroded, replace or clean them as necessary. Failure to do so may cause them to overheat during operation and could result in a fire, property damage, or personal injury.

Be sure battery clamp is properly tightened. Tighten to 144 in-lb (16 N·m). A loose battery clamp may allow the battery to become damaged from vibration or jarring.

If battery appears weak, have it charged by a trained technician. The battery should never be left discharged any longer than absolutely necessary (do not leave discharged overnight).

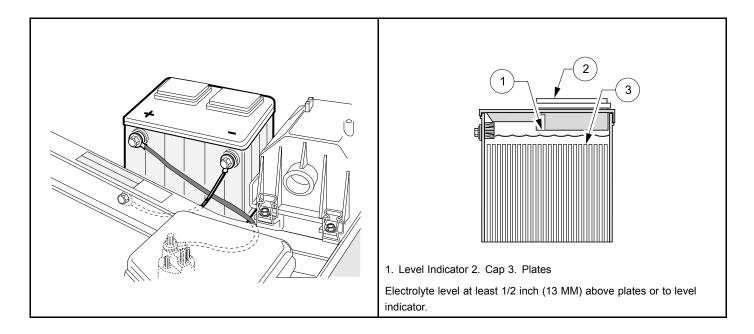


Figure 29 Battery - Gasoline Vehicle

Figure 30 Gasoline Battery Electrolyte Level

ENGINE OIL - GASOLINE VEHICLES

See General Warnings on page 9.

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Even though the low oil warning light on the dash should illuminate if oil level becomes low, engine oil level should be checked monthly. Vehicle should be on a level surface when checking oil. Do not overfill with oil.

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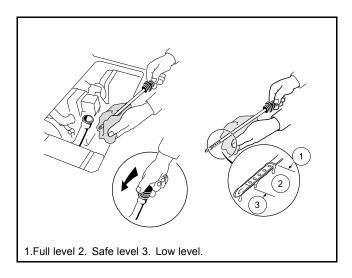
ENGINE OIL LEVEL CHECK

 Remove the oil level dipstick from the oil filler tube and wipe oil from dipstick (Figure 31). See following CAUTION.

A CAUTION

- · Do not remove dipstick while engine is running.
- 2. Check oil by fully inserting the dipstick into the oil filler tube and immediately removing it.
- 3. If the oil level is at or below the low level mark on the dipstick gauge, add oil until the level is between low and full levels (safe level).
- 4. Reinsert dipstick into the oil filler tube.

NOTE: Properly recycle or dispose of used oil in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.



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Figure 31 Engine Oil Level Check

ENGINE OIL AND FILTER CHANGE

Engine oil and oil filter should be changed after the first 100 hours of operation. After that, they should be changed every 200 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first.

- Turn the key switch to the OFF position, then remove the key. Place the Forward/Reverse handle in the neutral POSITION. Chock the front wheels.
- 2. Access the engine compartment. See following WARNING.

WARNING

- For vehicles with cargo beds, remove all cargo before raising the bed or servicing the vehicle. If the
 vehicle is equipped with a prop rod, ensure that it is securely engaged while bed is raised. Do not
 close the bed until all persons are clear of cargo bed area. Keep hands clear of all crush areas. Do
 not drop cargo bed; lower gently and keep entire body clear. Failure to heed this warning could
 result in severe personal injury or death.
- 3. Disconnect battery and spark plug wire(s). See Disconnecting the Battery Gasoline Vehicles on page 11.
- 4. Position a pan designed for oil changes under the front drain plug (Figure 32).
- 5. Use a 14 mm socket or wrench to remove the drain plug, turning it counterclockwise, and allow the engine oil to drain into the pan. **See following WARNING.**

▲ WARNING

- Do not attempt to change engine oil when the engine is hot or even warm. Engine oil can cause skin burns.
- Wear safety glasses or approved eye protection when servicing the vehicle. Wear rubber gloves when handling oil drain plug, oil filter, and oil drain pan.
- 6. Clean the oil drain plug threads with solvent to remove oil and oil residue. Make sure that the compression washer remains on the drain plug.
- 7. Use a 14 mm socket or wrench and replace the front oil drain plug, turning it clockwise, and tighten to 18 ft-lb (24.4 N·m).

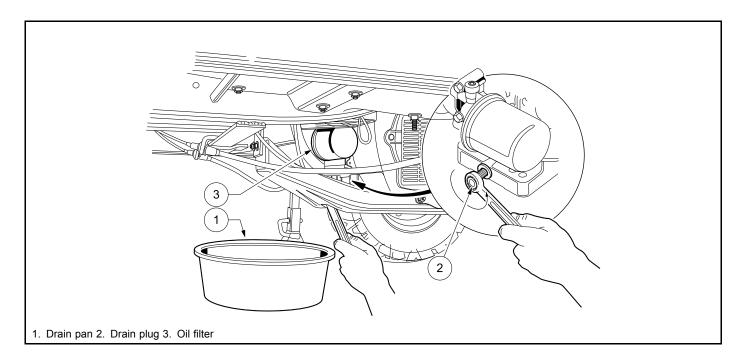


Figure 32 Engine Oil Drain Plug and Pan

- Relocate the oil drain pan to a position under the engine oil filter (Figure 32, Page 50).
- 9. Remove the engine oil filter, turning it counterclockwise, allowing the residual oil in the filter port and filter to drain into the oil drain pan (Figure 33, Page 51). See following NOTE.

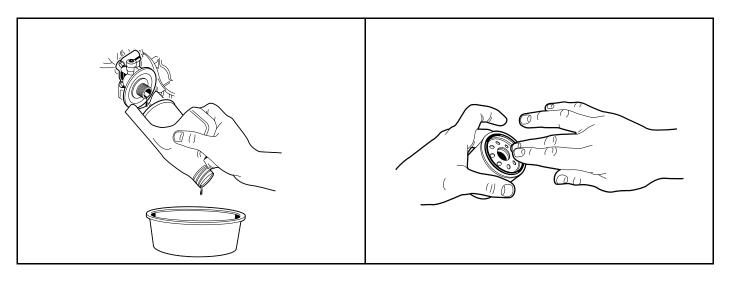
NOTE: An oil drip guard can be used to prevent excess oil from dripping into the engine base plate. Use an empty quart (one liter) container and but the bottom off at an angle, then slide the open area of the container up and under the oil filter prior to removing. Position the port of the plastic container so oil will be directed into the oil pan (**Figure 32**). Or, make a drip guard by folding a piece of cardboard, thin metal, or plastic under the oil filter forming a channel to direct the filter port oil into the drain pan.

Dispose of used oil according to the environmental laws and regulations for your area.

- Use a clean rag and wipe the oil filter mounting bracket surface clean where the oil filter gasket seats.
- Coat new oil filter gasket with clean engine oil and install the oil filter onto the engine oil filter port (Figure 34).
 See following NOTE.

NOTE: Use only Club Car oil filters (CC P/N 103887901) designed for this engine.

- 12. Hand tighten 2/3 to 3/4 turn after filter gasket contacts mounting surface.
- 13. Remove the dipstick and add engine oil into the dipstick port. Use a funnel or pour spout to direct the oil into the dipstick port. With filter change, the engine requires 38 ounces (1.12 liters) of oil per change. Refer to oil viscosity guidelines for selection of oil grade (**Figure 35**). Replace the dipstick.
- 14. Connect battery and spark plug wire(s). See Connecting the Battery Gasoline Vehicles on page 11.
- 15. Lower the cargo bed. See WARNING "For vehicles with cargo beds..." in General Warnings on page 9.
- 16. With the Forward/Reverse handle in the NEUTRAL position, run engine for 3 minutes and check for leaks. Observe both the drain plug and the oil filter from under the vehicle and watch for oil leaks. If filter leaks, tighten additional 1/4 turn and retest. If oil drain plug leaks, re-torque and retest.
- 17. Remove the dip stick and check the engine oil as a final step. Replace the dip stick.



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Figure 33 Remove Engine Oil Filter

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Figure 34 Coat Oil Filter Rubber Seal

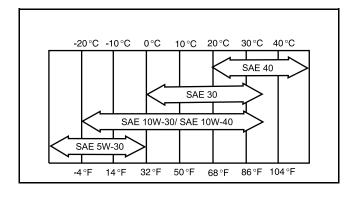
OIL VISCOSITY

Choose the viscosity according to the temperature as indicated by the oil viscosity chart (Figure 35). See following NOTE.

NOTE: Using multi-grade oils (5W-20, 10W-30, and 10W-40) will increase oil consumption. Check oil level more frequently when using them.

Below 40°F (4°C), the use of SAE 30 may result in hard starting.

Above 80°F (27°C), the use of 10W-30 may cause increased oil consumption. Check oil level more frequently.



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Figure 35 Oil Viscosity Chart

FUELING INSTRUCTIONS - GASOLINE VEHICLES

See General Warnings on page 9.

A DANGER

- · Turn the key switch to the OFF position before fueling.
- Do not pour fuel into the fuel tank when the engine is hot or while it is running.
- Be sure the fuel tank ground wire, located next to the fuel shut-off valve, is properly connected before fueling the vehicle.
- To avoid electric arc caused by static electricity, the fuel storage/pumping device must be grounded. If the pump is not grounded, the vehicle must be grounded to the pump before and during the fueling operation.
- If the vehicle has an all-weather enclosure installed, be sure the fuel tank is properly vented as shown (Figure 25, Page 34).
- To avoid the possibility of fire, clean up any spilled fuel before operating the vehicle.

A CAUTION

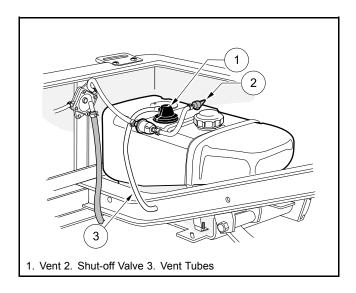
• To allow for expansion, do not fill higher than 2.54 cm (one inch) from the top of the fuel tank. Avoid spilling fuel.

CAUTION

- · Use unleaded gasoline only.
- Whenever possible, avoid using oxygenated and blended fuels.
- Do not use any fuel with an alcohol content that exceeds 10% by volume (such as E85). Ethanol
 is an alcohol that readily absorbs moisture causing corrosion of fuel system components. It also
 damages neoprene and other plastic and rubber components. Use of these fuels in this vehicle
 will void the warranty.

NOTE: Whenever possible, avoid using oxygenated fuels and fuels that are blended with alcohol. Vehicles to be stored for extended periods should be prepared for storage as instructed. **See Preparing the Gasoline Vehicle for Extended Storage on page 33.**

- 1. Turn the key switch to the OFF position.
- 2. Lift and remove seat bottom.
- The fuel tank is located on passenger side of vehicle. Remove fuel cap and fill the fuel tank with fresh unleaded gasoline only. See preceding CAUTIONS.
- 4. Replace the fuel cap. Ensure that the cap is tightened securely (until it clicks).
- 5. Replace seat bottom.



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Figure 36 Fuel Tank

CLEANING THE VEHICLE

Club Car vehicles are equipped with ABS front bodies and TPO for rear bodies. Use only commercially available automotive cleaners with a sponge or soft cloth for normal cleaning. A garden hose at normal residential water pressure is adequate.

Club Car does not recommend any type of pressure washing or steam cleaning. Such a process (especially if the vehicle has the rear body removed) will expose electrical components to moisture. Moisture entering electrical components can result in water damage and subsequent component failure.

Use non-abrasive wax products. Battery acid, fertilizers, tars, asphalt, creosote, paint, or chewing gum should be removed immediately to prevent possible stains.

The seats of the vehicle will last longer with proper cleaning. Use a solution of 10% liquid soap and warm water applied with a soft cloth. For imbedded dirt, a soft bristle brush may be used. For heavy soiling, difficult stains or scratches, blemishes, or other body damage, see the appropriate maintenance and service manual. **See following NOTE.**

NOTE: Dispose of waste water properly.

ACCESSORIES

There is a complete line of accessory equipment available from Club Car and our dealers/distributors. You can obtain the name and phone number of your closest Club Car contact by visiting our web site at www.clubcar.com.

Care should be taken that these accessories are properly installed by trained technicians, and that they are used in the manner for which they were designed. **See following WARNING and CAUTION.**

WARNING

 Custom cab assemblies, canopy tops, weatherproof enclosures, and windshields will not protect occupants from flying objects.

CAUTION

• Combined use of electric-powered accessories for an extended period of time could discharge the battery even with the engine running. Be aware of charging system capacity rating and keep combined accessory use at or below that rating. See Vehicle Specifications on page 54. Failure to heed this caution could result in the vehicle shutting off, possibly leaving operator and passengers stranded.

SUBSEQUENT OWNER REGISTRATION

In the event a vehicle is bought as a used vehicle, we strongly urge the new owner to register the vehicle with Club Car. This will enable us to contact you if the need arises. Please send your name, address, and serial number of the vehicle to CLUB CAR, LLC, P.O. Box 204658, Augusta, Georgia 30917-4658, Attention: Vehicle Registration.

VEHICLE SPECIFICATIONS

NOTE: Engine horsepower and torque specifications are provided by the engine manufacturer. Actual horsepower and torque in use may differ and are dependent on environmental conditions as well as maintenance condition of the engine.

SPECIFICATIONS				
POWER SOURCE	ELECTRIC	GASOLINE		
Drive motor: Direct drive, 48 volts DC, shunt-wound, 3.2 hp	•			
Engine: 4-cycle OHV, 351 cc, 10.4 Engine Horsepower (7.8 kW) rated @ 3600 RPM (per SAE J1349), single-cylinder, air-cooled, with pressure lubrication system		•		
Fuel system: Side-draft carburetor with float bowl, fixed jets, fuel filters, and impulse fuel pump		•		
Governor: Automatic ground-speed sensing, internally geared in unitized transaxle		•		
Ignition: Transistor electronic ignition with electronic RPM limiter		•		
Transaxle: Double reduction helical gear with 12.3:1 direct drive axle	•			
Unitized transaxle: Fully synchronized forward and reverse with neutral and reduced speed reverse (11.8:1 forward, 17.1:1 reverse)		•		
Torque converter: Automatic, variable-speed, dry type		•		
Electrical system: 48 volts DC, reduced speed reverse	•			
Electrical system: 12 volt, 500 cca at 0 °F (-17.8 °C), 650 at 32 °F (0 °C). 105-minute reserve capacity and 35-amp charging capacity		•		
Gasoline Vehicle Electrical Charging System:		_		
23 amps at max. RPM.		•		
Batteries: High capacity, deep cycle	•			
Charger: Automatic, 48-volt; UL and CSA listed	•			
STEERING/SUSPENSION/BRAKES				
Steering: Self-adjusting rack and pinion		•		

POWER SOURCE	ELECTRIC	GASOLINE	
Suspension: Front and rear tapered mono-leaf springs with dual hydraulic shocks	•		
Brakes: Dual rear wheel self-adjusting brakes with cast iron drums and single brake pedal with automatic-release park brake	•		
BODY/CHASSIS			
Frame/Chassis: Twin I-Beam welded aluminum		•	
Front body: ABS		•	
Rear body: TPO		•	
Tires: 20 x 10.0 – 8 tubeless, 4 ply rated		•	
DIMENSIONS/WEIGHT			
Overall length	2545 mm	(100.2 in.)	
Overall width	1143 mr	n (45 in.)	
Overall height (at steering wheel)	1191 mm	(46.9 in.)	
Wheelbase	1689 mm	(66.5 in.)	
Ground clearance	140 mm	n (5.5 in)	
Front wheel tread	88 cm ((34.5 in.)	
Rear wheel tread	98 cm ((38.5 in.)	
Weight (without batteries)	260 kg (572 lb.)		
Weight (dry, without battery)		365 kg (805 lb.)	
Vehicle rated capacity: Level surface only	363 kg	(800 lb.)	
Forward speed	27 km (17 mph)		
Standard seating capacity		2	
LIQUID CAPACITIES			
Transaxle	0.67 L (22 oz.)		
Engine crankcase (without filter)		0.95 L (32 oz.)	
Engine crankcase (with filter)		1.12 L (38 oz.)	
Unitized transaxle		0.8 L (27 oz.)	
Fuel tank		26.5 L (7 gallons)	
TIRE PRESSURE			
Front and rear	1.24-1.38 Bars (18-20 psi)	1.24-1.38 Bars (18-20 psi	
NOISE AND VIBRATION			
Drive-by noise level to operator Test method:	65.2 dBA	73.0 dBA	
EN 12053:2001	Uncertainty: 2 dBA	Uncertainty: 2 dBA	
Vibration at driver's seat	0.59/-2	0.64/2	
Test method:	0.58 m/s ²	0.61 m/s ²	
SAE J1013	Uncertainty: 0.20 m/s ²	Uncertainty: 0.20 m/s ²	

WARRANTIES

CLUB CAR® LIMITED WARRANTY FOR TRANSPORTATION AND UTILITY VEHICLES

WARRANTY

CLUB CAR, LLC ("CLUB CAR") hereby warrants to the Original Purchaser or Lessee, as those terms are defined herein, and subject to the provisions, limitations and exclusions in this limited warranty, that its new vehicle or new component purchased from CLUB CAR or an Authorized Dealer or Distributor shall be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for the periods stated below, subject to the provisions, limitations and exclusions in this limited warranty.

This limited warranty covers material, workmanship and repair labor cost as to those items specifically listed below for the periods specified. Such repair labor shall be performed only by CLUB CAR, its Authorized Dealers or Distributors, or a service agency approved by CLUB CAR. For repairs made by qualified technicians other than CLUB CAR's factory technicians or an Authorized Dealer or Distributor, CLUB CAR will provide only the replacement parts or components.

IF THE WARRANTY REGISTRATION FORM IS NOT COMPLETED AND RETURNED TO CLUB CAR AT THE TIME OF THE ORIGINAL RETAIL SALE, PURCHASER MUST PROVIDE PROOF OF DATE OF PURCHASE WITH ANY WARRANTY CLAIM.

TO THE ORIGINAL OWNER ONLY (NON-TRANSFERABLE)	TERMS COVERED	HOURS/ ENERGY UNITS COVERED
LIMITED TWO YEAR: Engine assembly, unitized transaxle assembly (gasoline vehicle), starter/generator (gasoline vehicle), motor, transaxle assembly (electric vehicle), main frame assembly, bed box hydraulic dump kit, cab assembly and doors, and Driving Range Protective Enclosure.	2 YEARS	2000
LIMITED ONE YEAR: Solenoid, MCOR, limit switches, voltage regulators, F&R switches, brake components, wiring harness, electrical switches, canopy systems, seats, pedal group assembly, body, portable refreshment center and all original equipment options and accessories supplied by CLUB CAR and all remaining components of the vehicle not specified otherwise.	1 YEAR	1000
6-VOLT BATTERY (STANDARD DUTY)	4 YEARS	18000
6-VOLT BATTERY (HEAVY DUTY)	4 YEARS	20000
8-VOLT BATTERY (STANDARD/HEAVY DUTY)	4 YEARS	16000
ONBOARD COMPUTER	4 YEARS	16000
CONTROLLER	4 YEARS	16000
BATTERY CHARGER	4 YE	ARS

EXCLUSIONS

Excluded from any CLUB CAR warranty is damage to a vehicle or component resulting from a cause other than a defect including poor maintenance, neglect, abuse, accident and collision, maintenance adjustments, unreasonable or unintended strain or use, improper installation of accessories, installation of parts or accessories that are not original equipment including Club Car approved or non-approved GPS systems, non-approved alteration and acts of God. Also excluded from any CLUB CAR warranty are all fuses, filters, decals (except safety decals), lubricants, routine wear items such as the charger plug and receptacle, engine mounts, mats, pads, spark plugs, light bulbs, brake shoes, belts, brushes, bushings, drive buttons, cosmetic deterioration, and items that deteriorate, fade or fail due to exposure or ordinary wear and tear.

The provisions of this limited warranty shall not apply to failure due to:

1. Abuse such as overcharging, undercharging, improper fluid levels, use of contaminated water in batteries (See "Water Quality" in owner's manual), loose wiring and fasteners, or rusted or corroded hardware.

- 2. Lack of proper maintenance such as preventive maintenance checks, proper rotation of vehicles in a fleet application, maintaining proper tire pressure and alignment and tightening loose wire connections as outlined in the owner's manual.
- Damages caused by improper installation of the component.
- 4. Neglect, breakage, freezing, fire, explosion, wreckage, melted terminal posts, the addition of any chemical, or the operation of the battery in an uncharged condition (below half charge 1.200 specific gravity); the installation of the batteries in reverse or recharging in reverse, breakage of containers, covers, or terminal post, or batteries used in applications for which they were not designed.
- 5. A battery damaged by a defective charger or batteries in vehicles that do not receive proper charging.
- 6. Every vehicle must have an operational charger on its own circuit. (Number of operational chargers must equal the number of operational vehicles.)
- 7. Vehicles charged by systems other than the CLUB CAR Charger.
- Semiconductor parts such diodes and fuses that are vulnerable to electrical overloads (including lightning) beyond the control of CLUB CAR.
- 9. Charger DC cord set with plug, which is a wear item and subject to user abuse.
- 10. Use of gasoline containing more than 10% ethanol.

Without limiting the generality of the foregoing in any way, and as part of its limited warranty exclusion, CLUB CAR does not warrant that its vehicle or components such as batteries, computer, controller or electrical device are suitable for use in any application other than in its products. As in the use of any vehicle, batteries, computer, controller or electrical device, a prudent owner will read and study the owner's manual, the operator instructions and the warning labels; and will exercise due care in working on or around vehicles, batteries or electrical devices.

Transportation expenses for warranty services are also excluded from this warranty.

VOIDING OF WARRANTY

THIS AND ANY OTHER WARRANTY SHALL BE VOID IF THE VEHICLE OR COMPONENT IS ABUSED OR USED IN AN UNINTENDED MANNER OR SHOWS INDICATIONS THAT IT HAS BEEN ALTERED IN ANY WAY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, MODIFICATION OF THE SPEED GOVERNOR, BRAKING SYSTEM, STEERING, TRANSAXLE, OR OTHER OPERATING SYSTEMS OF THE CAR TO CAUSE IT TO PERFORM OUTSIDE CLUB CAR SPECIFICATIONS. THE WARRANTY IS LIKEWISE VOID IF THE VEHICLE SHOWS INDICATIONS THAT REASONABLE OR NECESSARY MAINTENANCE AS OUTLINED IN THE OWNER'S MANUAL AND MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE MANUAL WAS NOT PERFORMED AT THE TIME AND IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED IN SUCH MANUALS.

SOLE REMEDY

CLUB CAR's liability under this limited warranty or in any action whether based upon warranty, contract, negligence, strict product liability or otherwise, shall be the repair or replacement, at CLUB CAR's option, of the vehicle or component thereof that CLUB CAR deems to be defective. Replacement shall mean furnishing, during the applicable limited warranty period, a new vehicle or factory-reconditioned vehicle or component thereof that is identical or reasonably equivalent to the warranted product or component at no cost to the purchaser. Repair shall mean remedying a defect in the vehicle or component thereof at no cost to the purchaser during the applicable limited warranty period. CLUB CAR reserves the right to test and recharge any component returned for adjustment. If CLUB CAR elects to repair the vehicle or component, it may provide factory-reconditioned parts or components. All parts and components replaced under warranty shall become the property of CLUB CAR.

DISCLAIMER

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE. CLUB CAR MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED BY CLUB CAR AND EXCLUDED FROM THIS WARRANTY. THE PURCHASER AND CLUB CAR EXPRESSLY AGREE THAT THE SOLE REMEDY OF THE REPLACEMENT OR REPAIR OF THE DEFECTIVE VEHICLE OR COMPONENT THEREOF IS THE SOLE REMEDY OF THE PURCHASER. CLUB CAR MAKES NO OTHER REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, AND NO REPRESENTATIVE, EMPLOYEE, DISTRIBUTOR OR DEALER OF CLUB CAR HAS THE AUTHORITY TO MAKE OR IMPLY ANY REPRESENTATION, PROMISE OR AGREEMENT, WHICH IN ANY WAY VARIES THE TERMS OF THIS WARRANTY.

In the event that another pre-printed warranty document, certificate or both offered by or through Club Car at the time of sale of this vehicle (each an "Additional Warranty Document") is deemed to conflict with the limitations or exclusions

contained herein, the limitations and exclusions contained herein shall continue to apply to both this limited warranty statement and, to the maximum extent permitted by law, to each Additional Warranty Document.

NO CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES

IN NO EVENT SHALL CLUB CAR BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, LOSS RELATED TO PROPERTY OTHER THAN THE VEHICLE, LOSS OF USE, LOSS OF TIME, INCONVENIENCE, OR ANY OTHER ECONOMIC LOSS.

Some states allow neither limitation on the duration of an implied warranty nor exclusions or limitation of incidental or consequential damages. Therefore, the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights, which vary from state to state.

HOW TO MAKE A WARRANTY CLAIM

To make a warranty claim under this limited warranty, you must present the vehicle or defective component with evidence of proof of purchase date and number of energy units (if applicable) to an authorized CLUB CAR dealer.

For warranty-related communication, contact Warranty Services, Club Car, 4125 Washington Rd., Evans, GA 30809, USA, 706.863.3000.

WARNING

Any modification or change to the vehicle that affects the electrical system, stability or handling of the vehicle, or increases maximum vehicle speed beyond factory specifications, could result in severe personal injury or death.

CALIFORNIA EMISSION CONTROL WARRANTY STATEMENT

YOUR WARRANTY RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS:

The California Air Resources Board ("CARB") and Club Car, LLC ("CLUB CAR") are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your 2009 and newer vehicle engine (the "emission warranty"). In California, new small off-road engines ("SORE") must be designed, built and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards. CLUB CAR shall warrant the emission control system on the vehicle engine for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your small off-road engine.

Your emission control system may include parts such as the carburetor or fuel-injection system, the ignition system, the catalytic converter and related hoses, belts, connectors and other emission assemblies or components.

Where a warrantable condition exists, as defined herein, CLUB CAR will repair your vehicle engine at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts and labor.

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY COVERAGE:

This emission control system is warranted for two years from the vehicles' date of purchase. If any emission-related part on your CLUB CAR SORE is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by CLUB CAR.

OWNER'S WARRANTY RESPONSIBILITIES:

- As the vehicle engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your owner's manual. CLUB CAR recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on your vehicle engine, but CLUB CAR cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.
- As the vehicle engine owner, you should however be aware that CLUB CAR may deny you warranty coverage if vehicle engine or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.
- You are responsible for presenting vehicle engine to a CLUB CAR distribution center as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed in a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days. If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact WARRANTY SERVICES, CLUB CAR, LLC, P.O. Box 204658, Augusta, Georgia 30917-4658, U.S.A., 1-706-863-3000.

CLUB CAR EXPLANATION OF EMISSION CONTROL WARRANTY:

1. WARRANTY:

CLUB CAR warrants to the ultimate purchaser and each subsequent purchaser that the SORE and related emissions equipment is designed, built and equipped so as to conform with all applicable California environmental emission regulations; and free from defects in materials and workmanship that cause the failure of a warranted part to be identical in all material respects to that part as described in CLUB CAR's application for certification with CARB. The

warranty period begins on the date the engine or equipment is delivered to an ultimate purchaser or first placed into service. The warranty period is two years from the date of purchase.

2. COVERAGE:

Subject to certain conditions and exclusions as stated below, the warranty on emission-related parts is as follows:

- (1) Any warranted part that is not scheduled for replacement as required maintenance in the written instructions supplied, is warranted for the warranty period stated above. If the part fails during the period of warranty coverage, the part will be repaired or replaced by CLUB CAR according to subsection (4) below. Any such part repaired or replaced under warranty will be warranted for the remainder of the original warranty period.
- (2) Any warranted part that is scheduled only for regular inspection in the written instructions supplied is warranted for the warranty period stated above. Any such part repaired or replaced under warranty will be warranted for the remaining original warranty period.
- (3) Any warranted part that is scheduled for replacement as required maintenance in the written instructions supplied is warranted for the period of time before the first scheduled replacement date for that part. If the part fails before the first scheduled replacement, the part will be repaired or replaced by CLUB CAR according to subsection (4) below. Any such part repaired or replaced under warranty will be warranted for the remainder of the period prior to the first scheduled replacement point for the part.
- (4) Repair or replacement of any warranted part under the warranty provisions herein must be performed at a warranty station* at no charge to the owner.
- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions herein, warranty services or repairs will be provided at all of our distribution centers that are franchised to service the subject engines or equipment.
- (6) The engine or equipment owner will not be charged for diagnostic labor that is directly associated with diagnosis of a defective, emission-related warranted part, provided that such diagnostic work is performed at a warranty station*.
- (7) CLUB CAR is liable for damages to other engine or equipment components proximately caused by a covered failure under warranty of any warranted part.
- (8) Throughout the engine or equipment warranty period stated above, CLUB CAR will maintain a supply of warranted parts sufficient to meet the expected demand for such parts.
- (9) Any replacement part may be used in the performance of any warranty maintenance or repairs and must be provided without charge to the owner. Such use will not reduce the warranty obligations of CLUB CAR.
- (10) Add-on or modified parts that are not exempted by the Air Resources Board may not be used. The use of any non-exempted add-on or modified parts by the ultimate purchaser will be grounds for disallowing a warranty claims. CLUB CAR will not be liable to warrant failures of warranted parts caused by the use of a non-exempted add-on or modified part.
- *CLUB CAR, its authorized dealers, or a service agency approved by CLUB CAR.

ITEMS COVERED BY THIS WARRANTY:

The repair or replacement of any warranted part otherwise eligible for warranty coverage may be excluded from such warranty coverage if CLUB CAR demonstrates that the engine or equipment has been abused, neglected, or improperly maintained, and that such abuse, neglect, or improper maintenance was the direct cause of the need for repair or replacement of the part. That notwithstanding, any adjustment of a component that has a factory installed, and properly operating, adjustment limiting device is still eligible for warranty coverage. The following emission warranty parts list are covered:

SYSTEMS COVERED PARTS DESCRIPTION

Fuel Metering Carburetor assembly, fuel injection pump, fuel injection nozzle, fuel regulator Exhaust Catalytic Converter, Exhaust Manifold Air Induction Air filter housing, air filter*, crankcase breather tube Ignition Flywheel magneto, ignition pulse generator, ignition coil assembly, ignition control module, spark plug cap, spark plug* Positive Crankcase Ventilation (PCV) System PCV valve, oil filler cap Evaporative System Fuel Tank, Fuel Cap, Fuel Lines, Fuel Line Fittings, Clamps, Pressure Relief Valves, Purge Valves, Vapor Hoses, Carbon Canister, Canister Mounting Brackets, Carbon Canister Purge Port Connector Misc. Parts Belts, hosing, tubing, fittings, seals, gaskets, clamps, and switches associated with the above systems.

Emission-related parts will vary between vehicles; therefore, certain vehicles may not include all of the listed parts or may include equivalent parts.

3. VOIDING OF WARRANTY:

THIS AND ANY OTHER WARRANTY SHALL BE VOID IF THE VEHICLE IS ABUSED OR USED IN AN UNINTENDED MANNER OR SHOWS INDICATIONS THAT IT HAS BEEN ALTERED IN ANY WAY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED

TO, MODIFICATION OF THE SPEED GOVERNOR, BRAKING SYSTEM, STEERING, TRANSAXLE, OR OTHER OPERATING SYSTEMS OF THE VEHICLE TO CAUSE IT TO PERFORM OUTSIDE CLUB CAR SPECIFICATIONS.

4. HOW TO MAKE A WARRANTY CLAIM:

To make a warranty claim under this limited warranty, you must present the vehicle or defective component to an authorized CLUB CAR dealer or send the defective component, freight prepaid, to WARRANTY SERVICES, CLUB CAR, LLC, 4125 Washington Road, Evans, Georgia 30809, U.S.A., 706-863-3000.

EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION

Fuel Information

THIS VEHICLE IS CERTIFIED TO OPERATE ON UNLEADED REGULAR GRADE GASOLINE ONLY.A minimum of 87 octane of the anti-knock index is recommended. The anti-knock index is posted on service station pumps in the U.S.A.

Emission Control Information

To protect the environment in which we all live, Club Car has incorporated crankcase emission (1) and exhaust emission (2) control systems (EM) in compliance with applicable regulations of the U.S.Environmental Protection Agency and California Air Resources Board.

1.Crankcase Emission Control System

A sealed-type crankcase emission control system is used to eliminate blow-by gases. The blow-by gases are led to the breather chamber through the crankcase. Then, it is led to the air cleaner.

Oil is separated from the gases while passing through the inside of the breather chamber from the crankcase, and then returned back to the bottom of the crankcase.

2.Exhaust Emission Control System

The exhaust emission control system applied to this engine consists of a carburetor and an ignition system having optimum ignition timing characteristics.

The carburetors have been calibrated to provide lean air/fuel mixture characteristics and optimum fuel economy with a suitable air cleaner and exhaust system.

Maintenance and Warranty

Proper maintenance is necessary to ensure that your engine will continue to have low emission levels. Those items identified by the Periodic Maintenance Chart are necessary to ensure compliance with the applicable standards.

The Club Car Limited Emission Control System Warranty requires that you return your engine to an authorized Club Car Dealer for remedy under warranty.Please read the warranty carefully, and keep it valid by complying with the owner's obligations it contains.

Tampering with Emission Control System Prohibited

California State law prohibits the following

acts or the causing thereof:(1) the removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new engine for the purposes of emission control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or (2) the use of the engine after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts presumed to constitute tampering are the acts listed below:

Do not tamper with the original emission related parts:

- · Carburetor and internal parts
- Spark plugs
- · Magneto or electronic ignition system
- Fuel filter element
- Air cleaner element
- Crankcase
- Cylinder head
- · Breather chamber and internal parts
- Intake pipe and tube

FUEL AND OIL RECOMMENDATIONS

Fuel

Use only clean, fresh, unleaded regular grade gasoline.

Octane Rating

The octane rating of a gasoline is a measure of its resistance to "knocking". Use of a minimum of 87 octane of the anti-knock index is recommended. The anti-knock index is posted on service station pumps in the U.S.A.

NOTE

 If "knocking or pinging" occurs, use a different brand of gasoline or higher octane rating.

A CAUTION

•Do not mix oil with gasoline.

Oxygenated Fuel

If you use oxygenated fuel (either ethanol or MTBE added to gasoline), be sure it is unleaded and meets the minimum octane rating requirement.

The following are the EPA approved percentages of fuel oxygenates.

ETHANOL:(Ethyl or Grain Alcohol) You may use gasoline containing up to 10% ethanol by volume.

MTBE:(Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether) You may use gasoline containing up to 15% MTBE by volume.

METHANOL: (Methanol or Wood Alcohol) 5% by volume.

You may use gasoline containing up to 5% methanol by volume, as long as it also contains cosolvents and corrosion inhibitors to protect the fuel system.Gasoline containing more than 5% methanol by volume may cause starting and/or performance problems.It may also damage metal, rubber, and plastic parts of your fuel system.

A WARNING

•Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions. Turn the engine switch OFF. Do not smoke. Make sure the area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks; this includes any appliance with a pilot light. Never fill the tank so the fuel level rises into the filler neck. If the tank is overfilled, heat may cause the fuel to expand and overflow through the vent in the fuel tank.

Engine Oil

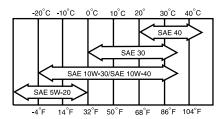
The following engine oils are recommended. API Service Classification:SC, SD, SE, SF, SG, or SH.

A WARNING

- After refueling, make sure the tank cap is closed securely.
- If gasoline is spilled on the fuel tank wipe it off immediately.

Oil Viscosity

Choose the viscosity according to the temperature as follows:



NOTE

Using multi-grade oils (5W-20, 10W-30, and 10W-40) will increase oil consumption. Check oil level more frequently when using them.

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This manual is valid for vehicles with build codes between 55775 and the one indicated at the top of this page.





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